PATENT COOPERATION TREATY CLIENT COPY

| From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY | |
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| To: ROBERT W. ESMOND STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX P. L. L. C. 1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N. WSUITE 600 | PCT |
| WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3954 WED | NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF |
| | THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT |
| | OR THE DECLARATION |
| MAR 13 2000 | |
| | (PCT Rule 44.1) |
| STERNE, KESSLER, | Date of Mailing |
| GOLDSTEYN & FOX PL.L.C. | (day/month/year) |
| Applicant's or agent's file reference | |
| 1797.009PC05 VHW 3/16/00 ELV | FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraphs 1 and 4 below |
| International application No. | International filing date |
| PCT/US99/26443 | (day/month/year) 10 NOVEMBER 1999 |
| Applicant | |
| CHANEY, RUFUS L. | |
| | 1 |
| 1. X The applicant is hereby notified that the international | search report has been established and is transmitted herewith. |
| Filing of amendments and statement under Article | e 19: |
| | e claims of the international application (see Rule 46): |
| When? The time limit for filing such amendme international search report, however, for r | ents is normally 2 months from the date of transmittal of the more details, see the notes on the accompanying sheet. |
| Where? Directly to the International Bureau of W 34, chemin des Colombet 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerl Facsimile No.: (41-22) 74 | |
| For more detailed instructions, see the notes on | and 0.14.35 Planse to Sewel (5/4/00)4-9 the accompanying sheet. The second of the sec |
| 2. The applicant is hereby notified that no international Article 17(2)(a) to that effect is transmitted herewith. | search report will be established and that the declaration under |
| 3. With regard to the protest against payment of (and | additional fee(s) under Rule 40.2, the applicant is notified that: |
| the protest together with the decision thereon h | as been transmitted to the international Bureau together with the the protest and the decision thereon to the designated Offices. |
| | the applicant will be notified as soon as a decision is made. |
| 4. Further action(s): The applicant is reminded of the following | owing: |
| the applicant wishes to avoid or postpone publication, | onal application will be published by the International Bureau. If a notice of withdrawal of the international application, or of the provided in rules 90 bis 1 and 90 bis 3, respectively, before the all publication. |
| Within 19 months from the priority date, a demand for int wishes to postpone the entry into the national phase un | erm sional preliminary examination must be filed if the applicant iii 30 months from the priority date (in some Offices even later). |
| Within 29 months from the priority date, the applicant must | perform the prescribed acts for entry into the national phase before demand or in a later election within 19 months from the priority |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA/US | Authorized of the |
| Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks | MEDINA A. IBRAHIM Lawrence |
| Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 | MEDINA A. IBRAHIM |
| g -y #V#W# | /= (|

Telephone No. (703) 308-0196

Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230

| To: ROBERT W. ESMOND STERNE, KESSLER, GOLDSTEIN & FOX P. L. L. C. 1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N. WSUITE 600 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-3934 | PCT NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF |
|---|---|
| | THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT OR THE DECLARATION |
| | (PCT Rule 44.1) |
| | Date of Mailing (day/month/year) 09 MAR 2000 |
| Applicant's or agent's file reference 1797.009PC05 | FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraphs 1 and 4 below |
| International application No. PCT/US99/26443 | International filing date (day/month/year) 10 NOVEMBER 1999 |
| Applicant CHANEY, RUFUS L. | |
| The applicant is hereby notified that the international Filing of amendments and statement under Article | search report has been established and is transmitted herewith. |
| The applicant is entitled, if he so wishes, to amend the | he claims of the international application (see Rule 46): |
| when? The time limit for fling such amendm international search report, however, for Where? Directly to the International Bureau of W | ents is normally 2 months from the date of transmittal of the more details, see the notes on the accompanying sheet. |
| 34, chemin des Colombet 1211 Geneva 20, Switzer Facsimile No.: (41-22) 74 | ites land |
| For more detailed instructions, see the notes on | the accompanying sheet. |
| 2. The applicant is hereby notified that no international Article 17(2)(a) to that effect is transmitted herewith. | search report will be established and that the declaration under |
| 3. With regard to the protest against payment of (an) | additional fee(s) under Rule 40.2, the applicant is notified that: |
| the protest together with the decision thereon happlicant's request to forward the texts of both | has been transmitted to the International Bureau together with the the protest and the decision thereon to the designated Offices. |
| no decision has been made yet on the protest, | the applicant will be notified as soon as a decision is made. |
| 4. Further action(s): The applicant is reminded of the following | lowing: |
| the applicant wishes to avoid or postpone publication, | onal application will be published by the International Bureau. If a notice of withdrawal of the international application, or of the provided in rules 90 bis 1 and 90 bis 3, respectively, before the al publication. |
| | ternational preliminary examination must be filed if the applicant til 30 months from the priority date (in some Offices even later). |
| | perform the prescribed acts for entry into the national phase before e demand or in a later election within 19 months from the priority d by Chapter II. |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA/US | Authorized officer the hausence |
| Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 | MEDINA A. IBRAHIM Lawrence |

Telephone No. (703) 308-0196

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference 1797.009PC05 | | Transmittal of International Search Report 3) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below. |
|--|---|--|
| International application No. PCT/US99/26443 | International filing date (day/month/year) 10 NOVEMBER 1999 | (Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year) 10 NOVEMBER 1998 |
| Applicant CHANEY, RUFUS L. | | |
| according to Article 18. A copy is being | en prepared by this International Searching Aung transmitted to the International Bureau. | thority and is transmitted to the applicant |
| This international search report consist X It is also accompanied by a | copy of each prior art document cited in this | report. |
| 1. Certain claims were found | unsearchable (See Box I). | |
| 2. X Unity of invention is lacki | ng (See Box II). | |
| | n contains disclosure of a nucleotide and/or ried out on the basis of the sequence listing | r amino acid sequence listing and the |
| | filed with the international application. | |
| | furnished by the applicant separately from the | international application, |
| | but not accompanied by a statem | ent to the effect that it did not include matter he international application as filed. |
| | transcribed by this Authority. | |
| 4. With regard to the title, X | the text is approved as submitted by the appli | |
| | the text has been established by this Authority | y to read as follows: |
| | | |
| 5. With regard to the abstract, | | |
| | the text is approved as submitted by the appli | cant. |
| | the text has been established, according to Ru in Box III. The applicant may, within one international search report, submit comments | month from the date of mailing of this |
| 6. The figure of the drawings to be p | oublished with the abstract is: | |
| Figure No. | as suggested by the applicant. | N |
| | because the applicant failed to suggest a figur | None of the figures. |
| | because this figure better characterizes the inv | |

*स्कृ*ति

International application No. PCT/US99/26443

| | One |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| This interest | ions where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet) |
| 1. Claims N | not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2Ya) for the following |
| 2. Claims No because the an extent t | os.: hey relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to s that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically: |
| 3. Claims Nos because they | y are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third are |
| | where unity of invention is lacking (Continuetton of the |
| Please See Extra | Authority found multiple inventions in this international application and it |
| X As all required | d additional search fees were timely askid to de |
| claims. | d additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all search |
| of any addition | ble claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite pays |
| only those clair | of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report co- ims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.: |
| No moving to | ditional search fees were timely paid by the |
| restricted to the | ditional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: |

International application No. PCT/US99/26443

| IPC(7) :0 | SIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER C21B 9/00; C22B 9/00; A01H 3/02, 5/00; A01G 1/00 75/710; 800/276, 260; 210/602, 681, 682 | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| US CL :: According to | International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both nat | ional classification and IPC | |
| | DS SEARCHED | | |
| | cumentation searched (classification system followed b | y classification symbols) | |
| | 5/710; 800/276, 260; 210/602, 681, 682 | | |
| Documentati | on searched other than minimum documentation to the ex | ktent that such documents are included i | n the fields searched |
| Electronic de | ata base consulted during the international search (name | e of data base and, where practicable, | search terms used) |
| STN CAS TERMS: I | , DIALOG, WEST1.2a PHYTOEXTRACTION, PHYTOMINING, PHYTORED M, SOIL PH | | |
| C. DOC | UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT | | |
| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appro- | opriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
| X - | US 5,711,784 A (CHANEY et al) 27 J. document. | ANUARY 1998, see whole | 1-4, 8-14, 19-22, 29-30 |
| Y | | | 15-18, 23-40 |
| X | US 5,785,735 A (RASKIN et al.) 28 JU | JLY 1998, see columns 6-7. | 19, 41-43, |
| - Y | | | 20-22, |
| Y | RASKIN et al. Bioconcentration of Heav Opinion in Biotechnology. 1994, Vol. 2 287-288. | vy Metals by Plants. Current 5, pages 285-290, see pages | 5-7, 44-47 |
| ∞ | | | |
| X Furt | her documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. | See patent family annex. | |
| *A* d | pecial categories of cited documents: ocument defining the general state of the art which is not considered be of particular relevance | "T" later document published after the in date and not in conflict with the app the principle or theory underlying the | is invention |
| •E• • | arlier document published on or after the international filing date | "X" document of particular relevance; to considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered when the document is taken alone | ered to invoive an inventive such |
| •0• | ited to establish the publication date of another citation or other pecial reason (as specified) locument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other | "Y" document of particular relevance; to considered to involve an inventive combined with one or more other su- being obvious to a person skilled in | ch documents, such combination |
| •p• | neans locument published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | *&* document member of the same pate | nt family |
| | e actual completion of the international search | Date of mailing of the international so | earch report |
| 27 JAN | JARY 2000 | 09 MAR 2000 | |
| Commiss Box PCT | mailing address of the ISA/US joner of Patents and Trademarks ton, D.C. 20231 | Authorized officer MEDINA A. IBRAHIM | Lec |

Talanhana No. (703) 308-0106

International application No.
PCT/US99/26443

| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No |
|-----------|--|---------------------------|
| Category | Change of document, with more appropriate, or the restrict passages | Treate value of Grand Tre |
| A | ROMERO et al. Metal Plant and Soil Pollution Indexes. Water, Air, and Soil Pollution. 1987, Vol. 34, No. 4, pages 347-352, see entire document. | 1-4, 8-18, 23-40 |
| Y | KUMAR et al. Phytoextraction: The Use of Plants to Remove Heavy Metals from Soils. Environ. Sci. Technol. 1995, Vol. 29, no. 5, pages 1232-1238, see entire document. | 19-22, 41-43 |
| Y,P | ROBINSON et al. Soil Amendments Affecting Nickel and Cobalt Uptake by Berkheya coddii: Potential Use for Phytomining and Phytoremediation. Annals of Botany. 1999, Vol. 84, pages 689-694, see page 691-694. | 5-7, 44-47 |
| Y,P | US 5,927,005 A (GARDEA-TORRESDEY et al.) 27 July 1999, see entire document. | 1-4, 8-18, 23-40 |
| A,P | US 5,928,406 A (SALT et al.) 27 July 1999, see entire document. | 19-22, 41-43 |
| Y,P | US 5,917,117 A (ENSLEY et al.) 29 June 1999, see columns 1-2, 6-8, 13-14. | 5-7, 44-47 |
| Y,P | US 5,944,872 A (CHANEY et al.) 31 August 1999, see entire document. | 1-4, 8-18, 23-40 |
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International application No. PCT/US99/26443

BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION WAS LACKING This ISA found multiple inventions as follows:

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be searched, the appropriate additional search fees must be paid.

Group I, claim(s)1-4, 8-18, 23-40, drawn to a method for selectively recovering nickel by elevating soil pH. Group II, claim(s) 19-22, 41-43, drawn to a method for recovering cobalt from contaminated soil by lowering soil pH. Group III, claim(s) 5-7 and 44-47, drawn to a method for sequentially recovering 2 metals from soil comprising the first step of raising or lowering soil pH, followed by the second step of altering pH in the opposition direction of the first step.

The inventions listed as Groups I-III do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

The claimed method for recovering at least one metal from metal contaminated soil by elevating the pH of soil and phytomining is anticipated by each of Chaney et al and Raskin et al, as set forth in the Search Report, and so Lo nei constitute a single special technical feature which would be an advance over the prior art.

The invention of Group I, drawn to a first method for recovering nickel from nickel-contaminating soil, requires presence of in the soil, limestone and limestone equivalents to increase soil pH not required by any other group.

The invention of Group II, drawn to a second method for recovering cobalt from cobalt-contaminated soil, requires presence of cobalt in the soil, cobalt uptake by a plant, and a lowered pH not required by any other group.

The invention of Group III, drawn to a third method for sequentially recovering nickel and cobalt, requires a raised soil pH followed by a lowered soil pH or vice-versa not required by any other group.

CHAPTER I PCT TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM FOR LACK OF UNITY OF INVENTION



PCT No.: PCT/US99/26443

Examiner: MEDINA A. IBRAHIM

Attorney spoken to: ROBERT W. ESMOND

Date of call: 21 JANUARY 2000

| ☑ Amount of payment approved: \$420.00 |
|---|
| Deposit account number to be charged: 19-0036 |
| Attorney elected to pay for ALL additional inventions |
| ☐ Attorney elected to pay only for the additional inventions covered by |
| \square Group(s): |
| encompassing |
| \square Claim(s): |
| Attorney elected NOT to pay for any additional inventions therefo |

- Attorney elected **NOT** to pay for any additional inventions, therefore, only the first claimed invention (Group I) covered by Claim(s) has been searched.
- Attorney was orally advised that there is no right to protest for any group not paid for.
- Attorney was orally advised that any protest must be filed no later than 15 days from the mailing of the Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).

Time Limit For Filing A Protest

Applicant is hereby given 15 days from the mailing date of this Search Report in which to file a protest of the holding of lack of unity of invention. In accordance with PCT Rule 40.2, applicant may protest the holding of lack of unity only with respect to the group(s) paid for.

Detailed Reasons For Holding Lack Of Unity Of Invention:

Detailed Reasons For Holding Lack of Unity Of Invention:

(Continued on a separate sheet)

Note: A copy of this form must be attached to the Search Report.

International Application No.: PCT/US99/26443

ATTACHMENT TO CHAPTER I PCT TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM FOR LACK OF UNITY OF INVENTION

Detailed Reasons For Holding Lack Of Unity Of Invention:

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be searched, the appropriate additional search fees must be paid.

Group I, claim(s)1-4, 8-18, 23-40, drawn to a method for phyto-recovering nickel from metal-contaminated soil by elevating soil pH.

Group II, claim(s) 19-22, 41-43, drawn to a method for phyto-recovering cobalt from contaminated soil by lowering soil pH.

Group III, claim(s) 5-7 and 44-47, drawn to a method for sequentially phyto-recovering 2 metals from soil comprising the first step of raising or lowering soil pH, followed by the second step of altering pH in the opposition direction of the first step.

The inventions listed as Groups I-III do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

The claimed method for recovering at least one metal from contaminated soil by elevating or lowering the pH of soil and phytomining is anticipated by each of Chaney et al and Raskin et al, as set forth in the Search Report, and so do not constitute a single special technical feature which would be an advance over the prior art.

The invention of Group I, drawn to a first method for recovering nickel from nickel-contaminating soil, requires presence of nickel in the soil, limestone and limestone equivalents to increase soil pH not required by any other group.

The invention of Group II, drawn to a second method for recovering cobalt from cobalt-contaminated soil, requires presence of cobalt in the soil, and a lowered pH not required by any other group.

The invention of Group III, drawn to a third method for sequentially recovering nickel and cobalt, requires a raised soil pH followed by a lowered soil pH or vice versa not required by any other group.

1 6 OCT 1998

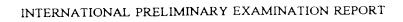
PCT

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference 274709127CIP | FOR FURTHER ACTION | See Notif | ication of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416) |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---|
| International application No. | International filing date (day/) | nonth/year) | Priority date (day/month/year) |
| PCT/US97/15109 | 29 AUGUST 1997 | | 30 AUGUST 1996 |
| International Patent Classification (IPC) IPC(6): C22B 23/00 and US Cl.: 75/ | | °C | |
| Applicant CHANEY, RUFUS L. | | | |
| Examining Authority and is 2. This REPORT consists of a This report is also accombeen amended and are th | transmitted to the applicant total of sheets. panied by ANNEXES, i.e., she e basis for this report and/or shiftion 607 of the Administrative | according to ets of the des | cription, claims and/or drawings which have ng rectifications made before this Authority. |
| | | | |
| IV Lack of unity of V X Reasoned statemer citations and expla VI Certain documents VII Certain defects in t | nt of report with regard to no invention nt under Article 35(2) with reg mations supporting such states | ovelty, invengand to novel | itive step or industrial applicability |
| Date of submission of the demand 18 FEBRUARY 1998 | | e of completion | on of this report |
| Name and mailing address of the IPEA. Commissioner of Patents and Trader Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | narks | M. ALEXAN | OLOW DRA ELVE DV (703) 308-0661 |



International application No.

PCT/US97/15109

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|----------------|--|--|---|
| This report ha | s been drawn on the 14 are referred to in | basis of (Substitute sheets this report as "originally file | which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments): |
| x | the internationa | l application as origin | nally filed. |
| X | the description, | pages 1-35 | , as originally filed. |
| | | pages NONE | , filed with the demand. |
| | | pages NONE | , filed with the letter of |
| | | pages | , filed with the letter of |
| x | the claims, | Nos. <u>1-11</u> | _ , as originally filed. |
| | | Nos. NONE | _ , as amended under Article 19. |
| | | Nos. NONE | _ , filed with the demand. |
| | | Nos. NONE | , filed with the letter of |
| | | Nos. | , filed with the letter of |
| \mathbf{x} | the drawings, | sheets/ fig 1-10 | , as originally filed. |
| نت | | sheets/fig NONE | , filed with the demand. |
| | | sheets/fig NONE | , filed with the letter of |
| | | sheets /fig | , filed with the letter of |
| The amend | the description, | pages NONE Nos. NONE | · |
| . Thi to g | s report has been e | established as if (some of osure as filed, as indicate | the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered and in the Supplemental Box Additional observations below (Rule 70.2(c)). |
| I. Additions | al observations, i | f necessary: | |
| | This report ha under Article X X X X X A Additional | winder Article 14 are referred to in X the international X the description, X the claims, X the drawings, The amendments have result X the claims, X the claims, X the drawings, X the drawings, Additional observations, in | This report has been drawn on the basis of (Substitute sheets under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally file |



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US97/15109

| Navalty (N) | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|------|---|
| Novelty (N) | Claims | NONE | Y |
| | Claims | 1-11 | N |
| Inventive Step (IS) | Claims | NONE | Y |
| c () | Claims | 1-11 | N |
| | | | |
| Industrial Applicability (IA) | Claims | 1-11 | Y |
| | Claims | NONE | N |
| NONE | | | |







INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6: C22B 23/00

A1

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 98/08991

(43) International Publication Date:

5 March 1998 (05.03.98)

(21) International Application Number:

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(22) International Filing Date:

29 August 1997 (29.08.97)

(30) Priority Data:

60/024,928 60/030,462 30 August 1996 (30.08.96) 6 November 1996 (06.11.96)

US US

(71)(72) Applicants and Inventors: CHANEY, Rufus, L. [US/US]: United States Department of Agriculture, Beltsville, MD 20705 (US). ANGLE, Jay, Scott [US/US]; 10241 Bristol Channel, Ellicot City, MA 21042 (US).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): LI, Yin-Ming [CN/US]; 12019 Coldstream Drive, Potomac, MD 20854 (US).

(74) Agents: KELBER, Steven, B. et al.; Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, P.C., Crystal Square Five, 4th floor, 1755 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington, VA 22202 (US). (81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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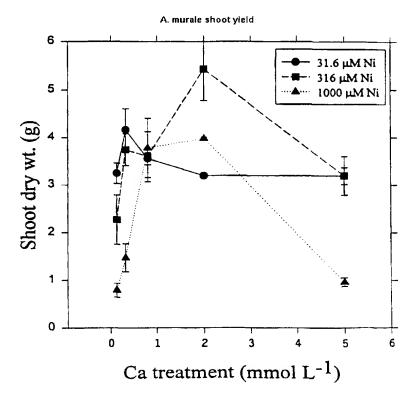
With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: METHOD FOR PHYTOMINING OF NICKEL, COBALT AND OTHER METALS FROM SOIL

(57) Abstract

The recovery of nickel, cobalt and other metals by phytomining is described. Plants of the Alyssum genus are grown in nickel rich soil. The uptake of nickel is enhanced by maintaining specific soil conditions, including a concentration of calcium between (but not including) 0.128 mM and 5.0 mM and an acidic pH. Ni uptake may be further enhanced by maintaining a ratio of exchangeable Ca/Mg of 0.16-0.40. Uptake may be further enhanced by addition of chelating agents and ammonium based fertilizers.



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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

METHOD FOR PHYTOMINING OF NICKEL, COBALT AND OTHER METALS FROM SOIL

This application claims priority of U.S. Provisional Patent Application 60/024,928, filed August 30, 1996 and U.S. Provisional Patent Application 60/030,462, filed November 6, 1996.

The United States Government may have rights in this application, and the invention disclosed and claimed herein, by reason of Agricultural Research Contract No. 58-3k95-5-352.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION:

Field of the Invention

This invention pertains to a method of extracting nickel, cobalt and other metals, including the platinum and palladium metal families, from soil by cultivation of the soil with hyperaccumulating plants that concentrate these metals in above-ground portions of the plants, which can be harvested, dried and smelted to recover the metal (metal phytomining).

BACKGROUND OF THE PRIOR ART

It has long been known that certain types of soil and geological materials, including serpentine, lateritic serpentine, ultramafic and meteor-impacted soils may be rich in nickel or cobalt, and are sites for mining of these metals. The cost of conventional mining for these metals remains high, and the level of metals required in geological materials to which current technology may be usefully applied are

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much higher than most serpentine, lateritic serpentine, ultramafic and meteorderived soils.

This application is related to U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/470,440, allowed, and its corresponding PCT application. In this earlier application, recovery of Ni, Co and related metals from soil is described through culturing *Allysum* plants on Ni-enriched soil. The specific soil conditions described in that application include reducing calcium as far as possible, in accordance with conventional teachings regarding the inverse relationship between calcium concentration and nickel hyperaccumulation. Additionally, the application limits calcium concentrations to a value such that the exchangeable Ca/Mg ratio is below 0.20.

U.S. Patent 5,364,451, <u>Raskin et al.</u>, is directed to a method of removing metals from metal-rich soil by growing genetically altered plants of the family *Brassicaceae* in these soils, so as to remediate polluted soils at a reduced cost. Suitable parents for the mutants that are the subject of the <u>Raskin</u> patent include *B. juncea*. While the patent generally describes a large number of metals that may be recovered, specific artificial examples are directed to recovery of chromium and lead. The entire disclosure of U.S. Patent 5,364,451 is incorporated herein by reference.

A review of the examples of this reference, and application of the technology proposed, illustrates continuing problems posed in rededication of metal-rich soil, and recovery of the metals therefrom. In particular, the examples set forth reflect artificial culture in sand media with intermittent feeding with phosphate to permit plants to grow without severe yield reduction and without severe lead toxicity. The patent also relies on genetic mutations that are produced by random "mutagenesis", that is, the creation of a library of mutants or potential mutants from a starting parent by indiscriminate application of a mutagen, coupled with screening the offspring to define acceptable hyperaccumulators. While promising, the <u>Raskin</u> patent offers little basis for an opportunity to proceed directly with soil rededication

through plant growth or culturing. Additionally, the patent offers little realistic opportunity for recovery of the metal itself, indicating only that under circumstances (not identified) the metal can actually be reclaimed.

One of the most widely found, and technologically important metals is nickel. Nickel is a natural constituent in all soils, being particularly high in concentration in serpentine, lateritic serpentine, ultramafic and meteor-derived soils. Cobalt, which has chemical and geological characteristics very similar to nickel, can similarly be found in these soils, and is another valuable metal. Other metals that are also subjects for phytomining within the scope of the invention, including those of the platinum and palladium families, including palladium, rhodium, ruthenium, platinum, iridium, osmium and rhenium which commonly co-occur with Ni and Co. Cultivation of plants which are hyperaccumulators of these metals, in metal-rich soils, or "phytomining", is a desirable alternative as a means for recovering metals from soil. Ordinary cultivation methods, however, without adequate preparation and maintenance of soil conditions, does not lead to adequate hyperaccumulation of metals in the plants economically interesting. Additionally, specific methods for recovery of the metals remain to be explored.

Among the soil conditions and cultivation methods most frequently investigated, the relationship between calcium levels and nickel uptake, as well as nickel tolerance, have been frequently reported. While the reports are not uniform, in general, the prior art has reported a negative correlation between calcium concentration and nickel upgrowth. Gabbrielli et al., Atti. Soc. Tosc. Sci. Nat. B38:143-153 (1981) observed that serpentine soils typically have low levels of calcium. An increase in calcium level was reported to reduce nickel uptake. Similarly, increasing Mg and Ca has been reported to lower nickel tissue concentration in nickel accumulator species endemic to serpentine soils. Gabgrielli et al., Physiol. Plant. 62:540-544 (1984). See also, Vergnano et al., The Vegetation of Ultramafic Soil, page 319-322, (1992). Thus, in general, the art teaches that raising calcium levels from the extremely low values normally

encountered in serpentine soil to higher levels can be expected to yield a reduction in nickel uptake.

Similarly, a ratio recognized as important in maintaining the health of various plants endemic to serpentine soils is the exchangeable Ca/Mg ratio. Prior art reports set a ratio of about 0.67 recommended as a fertility index. Alexander et al., Soil Sci. 149:138-143 (1990). Typically, exchangeable Ca/Mg ratios in serpentine soils are at much lower values of about 0.2. Thus, the general teaching of the art is that to preserve fertility, a substantial increase in available calcium is required, which can be expected to decrease nickel uptake.

In U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/470,440, which is incorporated in its entirely herein by reference, a method of phytomining is disclosed which calls for reduction of calcium levels, among other soil treatments. This is consistent with teachings of the prior art. Accordingly, it remains an object of those of skill in the art to develop a reliable system for phytomining of soils rich in nickel, cobalt and the other identified metals, naturally occurring or otherwise, that will lead to a recovery of these metals at economically acceptable levels.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

By screening a wide variety of plants from the *Brassicaceae* family, the inventors have identified plants in the *Alyssum* genus which may be hyperaccumulators of nickel and which accumulate valuable amounts of cobalt. By definition, hyperaccumulator plants accumulate over 1000 mg Ni or Co/kg dry weight growing in the soils where they evolved. Because cobalt occurs at about 3-10% of the level of Ni in the listed soils, Ni is the dominant toxic metal which induced evolutionary selection of the Ni hyperaccumulator plants and Co is accumulated to economically useful levels but Ni hyperaccumulation is the dominant economic benefit of the phytomining technology. Evidence suggests members of the section Odontarrhena of the genus *Alyssum* are likely candidates as nickel

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hyperaccumulators. The plant may also concentrate, in the above-ground plant tissues, metal from the platinum and palladium families, including Pd, Rh, Ru, Pt, Ir, Os and Re, in significant amounts. Accumulation of nickel in plant tissues in excess of 2.5 percent is practicable.

The metals listed accumulate in biomass by growing nickel hyperaccumulating *Alyssum* species in the target soils. Some 48 taxa within the section Odontarrhena of the genus *Alyssum* are known to be hyperaccumulators of nickel. These include the following species already evaluated: A. murale, and A. pintodasilvae (A. serpyllifolium ssp.), A. malacitanum, A. lesbiacum, and A. fallacinum. Other Ni-hyperaccumulating species which may be employed include: A. argenteum, A. bertolonii, A. tenium, A. heldreichii. About 250 other plant taxa have been shown to hyperaccumulate nickel, but many of these do not exceed 10,000 mg Ni/kg d.w., and the majority are of tropical origin.

The identified metal species are accumulated by growing the Alyssum in nickel-rich soil, under specific soil conditions. The conditions include: (1) lowering the soil pH, which increases the phytoavailability of nickel; (2) maintaining moderate levels of Ca in the soil by appropriate treatments and by use of Ca, Mgrich soil amendments adjusted to maintain Ca levels at levels corresponding to solution values between 0.128 mM and 5.0 mM; (3) using ammonium constraining or ammonium-generating nitrogen fertilizers to improve plant growth and to increase Ni hyperaccumulation due to rhizosphere acidification; and (4) applying chelating agents to the soil to improve nickel uptake by the roots of the hyperaccumulating Alyssum species. Examples of suitable chelating agents include nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA). Other chelating agents commonly used in connection with increasing soil metal mobility for plant uptake include ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, and ethylene glycol-bis-(β-aminoethylethehr)-N, Ntetraacetic acid. Maintenance of these soil-conditioning factors will improve nickel hyperaccumulation in Alyssum, in excess of a 2.5 percent concentration in aboveground portions of the plant, particularly leaves and stems or shoots, which make

for easy cultivation and metal recovery. This is preferable to concentration in the roots, discussed in <u>Raskin et al.</u>, which may be an aid in soil rededication if non-leachable therefrom, but does not offer convenience for phytomining. It is particularly surprising that intermediate values of Ca increase Ni uptake while values of 0.128 mM and below and 5 mM and above decrease Ni uptake. This, combined with exchangeable Ca/Mg ratios of 0.16-0.40, much lower than that recommended in the prior art, further increases Ni tissue concentrations.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figures 1 -10 are graph illustrations of experimental data obtained and discussed below.

Figures 1-3 reflect shoot yield for given levels of Ni as a function of Ca concentration for Cabbage, A. murale and A. pintodasilvae, respectively.

Figures 4-6 reflect Ni levels in shoots for given levels of Ni as a function of Ca concentration for Cabbage, *A.murale* and *A. pintodasilvae*, respectively.

Figures 7-8 reflect the ratio of Ni in shoots/roots for A.murale and A. pintodasilvae, respectively.

Figures 9-10 reflect shoot Ni content at five given Ni concentration values as a function of Ca concentration for *A.murale* and *A. pintodasilvae*, respectively.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Applicants have screened a large wild-type collection of germplasm to identify hyperaccumulating plants. In particular, plants of the Brassicaceae family, particularly naturally occurring plants as opposed to those with induced mutations, such as those employed in the <u>Raskin</u> patent, are known to be Ni + Co accumulators. Within the family, and even with the various genera, however, wide variations in metal accumulation, to the extent it occurs, do appear. *Alyssum*

species that are preferred candidates for use in the claimed invention concentrate and hyperaccumulate nickel, shown enhanced uptake of cobalt and may be useful in accumulating other metals. Preferred species have a preference for, and a high toxicity resistance to these metallic elements. This appears to be due to evolutionary driving forces, which permit the plant to benefit from the ecological niche presented. This should be contrasted with the response of a different Brassicaceae member, Thlaspi caerulescens, which accumulates very high levels of zinc and cadmium. While Alyssum exhibits a higher uptake rate at low nickel and cobalt concentrations than other species, Thlaspi actually grow well on soils with much higher Zn and Cd concentrations. Thus, while Alyssum concentrates nickel and cobalt over a range of concentrations, Thlaspi hyperaccumulates very high levels of Zn and Cd, some strains accumulating Ni and Co. Rather than relying on the unpredictable process of mutagenesis, the applicants in screening a large library of wild-type germplasm, have identified several Alyssum species including A. murale, A. pintodasilvae (A. serpyllifolium ssp.), A. malacitanum, A. lesbiacum, A. tenium and A. fallacinum as a suitable hyperaccumulators of nickel land useful in the enhanced uptake of cobalt. The same plants may also accumulate Pd, Rh, Ru, Pt, Ir, Os and Re. While these platinum and palladium metals are accumulated in lower concentrations, their greater value per unit weight, makes phytomining of these metals economically attractive as well.

Soil Management

To improve nickel and cobalt sequestration in the above-ground tissues of *Alyssum* plants, the soil in which they are grown is preferentially conditioned taking advantage of different factors.

These include soil pH, moderate calcium concentrations low to moderate exchangeable Ca/Mg ratios, and optionally, use of ammonium containing or generating fertilizer rather than other N-fertilizers and application of chelating agents. Each of these is considered in turn below.

Soil pH

The maintenance of preferred pH ranges in soil is well known in agriculture for a variety of reasons. Typically, pH of soil is altered or modified so as to maintain it within a near neutral range of about 6.0-7.5. Thus, soil near a limestone foundation or other building may be treated with acidifying soil amendments so as to reduce an alkaline pH. Soil with a naturally low pH may instead be treated with limestone or similar amendment, so as to increase the soil pH. A reduced pH increases the phytoavailability of nickel and cobalt. A reduced pH increases solubility and optimizes the release of these metals for absorption by the roots, and translocation to the above-ground tissues of the plant. Soil pH can be maintained in any of a variety of established methods, and the methods themselves do not constitute an aspect of this invention. Preferably, soil pH is managed at a low value by addition of sulfur and use of ammonium - N fertilizers. The Alyssum species, and indeed, any plant species, grows best at its evolved optimum pH conditions. Thus, pH cannot be reduced so low as to substantially retard or inhibit plant growth. An optimum pH range for phytomining using Alyssum is a pH of 4.5 to 6.2, preferably 5.2-6.2. After extraction of economically phytominable Ni and Co from the soil, limestone application can raise soil to pH levels required by more traditional farm crops.

Calcium Concentrations

Alyssum species which hyperaccumulate Ni and Co evolved in Ni-rich ultramafic and serpentine soils which simultaneously have low soil calcium. The presence of extremely low and extremely high calcium concentrations in soil inhibits nickel/cobalt hyperaccumulation by Alyssum. Acceptable calcium concentrations in soil ranges from 0.128 mM to 5.0 mM, as set forth in the examples below. Calcium concentrations may be maintained by any of a variety of known methods. One method involves acidification of the soil with sulfur, sulfuric acid, or other amendments and leaching, followed by use of Ca soil amendments.



Whatever method is selected to adjust calcium concentration in soil, it should be selected so as to be consistent with the objective of soil phytomining.

Additional of Ammonium Fertilizer

Generally, high metal concentrations are toxic to plants, and inhibitory of plant growth. While *Alyssum* has developed the ability to hyperaccumulate nickel/cobalt in its above-ground plant tissues, nonetheless, fertilizer support for the growth, particularly in polluted soil, is an essential element for substantial hyperaccumulation. Use of high-ammonium N-fertilizers is of value. Nonetheless, the use of ammonium fertilizers per se is well known, and acceptable fertilizers and protocols will be arrived at by those of ordinary skill in the art on an empirical basis.

Addition of Chelating Agents

Metal chelates are commonly used in agriculture, and occur naturally is living cells. The addition of chelating agents, such a NTA, or any of a variety of amino-acetic acids known to those of ordinary skill in the art as chelating agents, to the soil to be phytomined for Ni/Co and Pt, Pd metals improves the movement of soil metals to root surfaces for uptake and translocation of these materials into the above-ground plant tissues. Any of a variety of known chelating agents of commerce may be used. A preferred chelating agent is NTA or EDTA. Typically, chelating agents will be added at 5-100 kg/ha after the plants are established. As with the use of fertilizers, optimum additions of chelating agents can be determined on an empirical basis. Chelating compounds which chelate Ni int eh presence of high soil levels of Fe, Mg, and Ca selectively increase Ni uptake by the hyperaccumulator plants.



Metal Recovery

As noted, a principal object of this invention is the recovery of the metal sequestered by the hyperaccumulating plant. In U.S. Patent 5,364,451, plants are identified which accumulate the metals in the roots. Recovery of metals from roots poses substantial mechanical problems, including the recovery of the root itself, as well as recovery of the metal from the root tissue. By cultivating selected Alyssum genotypes, as contemplated in the claimed invention, a very high degree of the nickel/cobalt absorbed by the roots is translocated to above-ground tissues, such as stems, leaves, flowers and other leaf and stem tissues. This feature facilitates recovery of the metal extracted from the soil. The Alyssum can be harvested in conventional fashion, that is, cutting of the plant at soil level. The harvested materials are left to dry, in much the same fashion that alfalfa is dried, so as to remove most of the water present in the plant tissues. After drying, the plant material is collected from the field by normal agricultural practices of hay-making. incinerated and reduced to an ash with or without energy recovery. This organic material may alternatively be further treated by roasting, sintering, or smelting methods which allow the metals in an ash or ore to be recovered according to conventional metal refining methods such as acid dissolution and electrowinning. With metal concentrations as high as 2.5 to 5.0% in the above-ground plant tissues, particularly leaves or shoots, metal recovery becomes economical, thus satisfying the primary objective of the invention. Conventional smelting/roasting/sintering temperatures of 500-1500°F are sufficient to combust the organic material in the dried plant biomass, leaving a residue of the accumulated metal, with few contaminants which are known to interfere with metal refining. Indeed, it is suspected that the other components of the ash will be lower than with conventional mined ore concentrates.

EXAMPLES

Materials and Methods

Plant Material

A nutrient solution study was conducted to define the effects of Ca and Mg on Ni uptake by two know Ni hyperaccumulator species, Alyssum murale and Alyssum pintodasilvae, compared to the normal non-tolerant crop species, cabbage (Brassia oleracea var. capitata) cultivar Danish Roundhead. A varying solution concentrations of Ni (3 levels) and Ca (5 levels) were used in a factorial experimental design for Alyssum, while 2 levels of Ni and 5 levels of Ca were used in a factorial experimental design for cabbage. All solutions contained a high concentration of Mg to simulate serpentine soils where phytomining plants might be grown. Seeds for Alyssum murale and Alyssum pintodasilvae were collected from plants growing in Panorama, Thessaloniki, N. Greece and Braganca, NE Portugal.

Plant Growth

The study was conducted in an environmental growth chamber; temperature in the chamber was maintained at 25°C day and 19°C night, and relative humidity was set at 70%. The day period was maintained for 16 hours periods with >400 $\mu \rm Em^{-2} sec^{-1}$ photosynthetically active radiation at plant height from a combination of cool-white fluorescent and incandescent lamps.

Alyssum seeds were treated with ethanolic Arasan for 45 seconds and germinated by placing seeds in company germination bags with a macronutrient solution (1 mM Mg as MgSO₄; 2.5 mM CaNO₃ and KNO₃; 0.1 mM K₂HPO₄). The bags were kept moist all the time. After 2 weeks in the germination bags in the growth chamber, Alyssum seedlings were transferred into 8 L buckets containing a 0.5 strength Hoagland solution (1 mM Mg as MgSO₄; 2.5 mM CaNO₃ and KNO₃; 0.1 mM K₂HPO₄; 20 μ M Fe as FeHBED; 75 μ M KCl; 25 μ M HCl; 10 μ M H₃BO₃; 2 μ M Mn as MnCl₂; 05 μ M Cu as CuSO₄; and 0.2 μ M Mo as Na₂MoO₄; 1.0 mM

Zn as ZnSO₄). Seedlings were maintained in these buckets for an additional 2 weeks to grow to larger or reasonable handling before transplanting to treatment solutions.

Cabbage seeds germination was begun 10 days before transplanting to treatment solutions. Cabbage seeds were placed in standard seed germination papers with the same germination macronutrient solution and showed good germination within six days.

To initiate treatments, one plant of each species was transferred to separate 1 L polyethylene beakers containing a modified 0.5 strength Hoagland solution (2 mM MG as MgSO₄; 2.5 mM KNO₃; 0.1 mM K₂HPO₄; 20 μ M Fe as FeHBED; 75 μ M KCl; 25 μ M HCl; 15 μ M H₃BO₃; 2 μ M Mn as MnCl₂; 0.5 μ M Cu as CuSO₄; 0.2 μ M MO as NaMoO₄; and 1.0 mM Zn as ZnSO₄) with 2 mM MES to maintain solution pH at 6.2, high Mg level (2 mM) and Ca and Ni treatments. FeHBED was used because even high levels of Ni or micronutrients do not displace Fe from this chelate, and dicots easily obtain the Fe by reduction.

A randomized complete block design with three replications was used. The plants were placed into polyurethane foam plant supports and inserted into a slot and hole in a black plexiglass cover. The beakers were covered with black polyethylene to minimize light exposure. Each beaker was continuously aerated.

Plants were harvested six weeks after treatment initiation. At harvest, plants were separated into roots and shoots. Shoots were rinsed with deionized water. Roots were rinsed with 2.5 mM Ca(NO₃)₂ to remove extracellular metals prior to rinsing with deionized water. All samples were dried at 65°C in a forced draft oven.

Treatments

Ni was supplied as NiSO₄6H₂O. Three high concentrations Ni treatments were established for the *Alyssum* spp. (31.6 μ M, 316 μ M, and 1000 μ M), and two Ni treatments were established for cabbage (1.0 μ M and 10.0 μ M) based on

preliminary studies of Ni tolerance by these species. Ca was supplied as $Ca(NO_3)_24H_20$ with NH_4NO_3 to adjust nitrogen concentration to 10 mM for all treatments. Five Ca treatments were established for all tested species 0.128 mM, 0.32 mM, 0.8 mM, 2.0 mM, 5.0 mM $Ca(NO_3)_2$ with balancing 4.87 mM, 4.68 m<, 4.2 mM, 3.0 mM, 0.0 mM NH_4NO_3 . Solution pH was maintained above 6.0 by the addition of 2 mM MES buffer. pH was adjusted as necessary by the addition of KOH. Fourteen days after initiation of treatment, all solutions were completely replaced, and again at 21, 28, 28 and 35 days of treatment.

Sample Analysis

Dry plant samples were ground in a stainless steel Wiley mill if necessary, 2.00 g samples were weighed into low silicate beakers and ashed in a 480°C muffle oven for 16 hours. Ash was digested with 2 mL concentrated HNO3 and heated to incipient dryness; 10 mL 3N HCl was added, the beakers heated at reflux with stirring for 2 hours. Digests were filtered, a 1.00 mL aliquot of Fisher Scientific Cobalt Reference Solution (1000 mg L⁻¹ Co) was added to each sample as an internal reference (40 mg L⁻¹ cobalt) for subsequent analysis using Inductively Coupled Plasma Emission Spectrophotometry (ICP-ES). Samples were brought to 25 mL in 1N HCl. Necessary dilutions were made in 1N HCl to maintain constant viscosity. Blanks were prepared for every 10 samples and NBS#1575 pine needles standard reference materials were digested for every 20 samples for quality assurance. Plant analysis was performed in duplicate when there was sufficient sample. Ni concentration of plants were determined using a flame atomic absorption spectrometer (AA). Zn, P, Cu, Mn, Fe, Mg, Ca, and K concentrations were analyzed by using an ICP-ES (emission spectrometer), and all results were corrected by use of the internal standard.



Statistical Analysis

Data was analyzed using SAS-PC version 6.0 (SAS institute, 1989). Data required lot transformation to attain homogeneity. The GLM procedure was utilized for analysis of variance of plant yield and tissue metal concentration for differences of treatments. Treatment means were compared using the Duncan K-ratio t-test after it was determined that there was a significant (P < 0.05) treatment effect using the GLM procedure.

Growth and Symptoms

The experiment tested for interactions between Ca and Ni in growth and element accumulation in cabbage and two Ni hyperaccumulator *Alyssum* species. *Alyssum murale*, *A. pintodasilvae*, and cabbage plants all appeared healthy at the start of Ni and Ca treatments.

In the first week of growth, Alyssum spp. and cabbage plants in al treatments were green. In the second week of the trial, those Alyssum spp. plants in highest solution Ni level (100 μ M) with lowest solution Ca (0.128 mM) and highest solution Ca (5 mM) started to show chlorotic symptom on young leaves, but the size was not significantly different; and those cabbage in higher solution Ni level (10 μ M) almost all showed chlorotic or blown spots symptoms with curling edge in young leaves. At the fourth week of the trial, those Alyssum spp. plants in highest solution Ni level (1000 μ M) with lowest solution Ca (0.128 mM) and highest solution Ca (5 mM) were visibly smaller than others; the chlorotic and necrotic symptoms in those cabbage in higher solution Ni level became more severe.

In the sixth week of the trial and just before harvesting, little chlorotic leaves symptoms were observed on those *Alyssum murale* plants in lowest solution Ca level (0.128 mM) across all three solution Ni levels. Smaller size and severe chlorotic symptom were significantly showed on those *Alyssum* plants in highest solution Ni level with lowest solution Ca level. For cabbage plants, not just those plants grown in higher solution Ni level showed chlorotic and necrotic with curling

edge symptoms, but also showed on the lower solution Ca levels (0.128, 0.32 mM) in lower solution Ni. Root systems were less extensive in all plants shown severe chlorotic and/or necrotic symptoms in leaves.

For all species, low Ca (0.128-32 mM) caused reduced yield compared to normal (0.8-2.0 mM) or high solution Ca (5.0 mM), for all Ni levels. Cabbage was more sensitive to Ni phytotoxicity, than the *Alyssum* species and low Ca caused greater toxicity than in *Alyssum*. For cabbage (Fig. 1), at 1.0 μ M Ni, full yield was restored by increasing solution Ca; but at 10 μ M Ni, full yield was not restored at higher Ca levels. But for *Alyssum* species (Fig. 2 and 3), yield also declined at 5 mM Ca.

In tables 1A - 1D, the analysis of variance for the main factors (solution Ca, solution Ni, plant species, block) and interactions (solution Ca-x-solution Ni within species, and solution Ca-x-solution Ni-x-species) are reported. All the main factors and interactions, except block, had significant effects (P < 0.001) on shoot dry yield and shoot Ni concentration.

Dry Matter Yields

Cabbage

For the lower solution Ni level (1 μ M), increasing solution Ca had hyperbolic effect with decreasing slope in increasing shoot dry yield (Fig. 1). For the higher solution Ni (10 μ M), increasing Ca caused a 5 times shoot yield increase at 2 mM Ca, but declined at 5 mM Ca when compared to 2 mM Ca levels. The similar pattern was observed on root dry yield.

Alyssum murale

For the lower solution Ni level (31.6 μ M), increasing solution Ca increased shoot dry yield (Fig. 2) up to 0.32 mM Ca and caused a progressive decline after that. For the higher solution Ni levels (316 and 1000 μ M), increasing solution Ca caused shoot yield to increase 2.5-4 fold up to 2 mM Ca, but declined at 5 mM Ca.

The similar pattern was observed on root dry yield in lower Ca levels, but the higher Ca levels only caused a small decline in root yield and the difference was not significant.

Alyssum pintodasilyae

For the lower solution Ni levels (31.6 and 316 μ M), increasing solution Ca increased shoot dry yield (Fig. 3) up to 2 times up to 0.8 mM Ca and decreased yield at 5 mM Ca. A similar pattern was observed for the highest solution Ni level (1000 μ M), but the highest shoot yield was obtained at 2 mM. For the lower solution Ni level (31.6 μ M), increasing solution Ca had hyperbolic effect with decreasing slope on root yield (Fig. 3A1). For the middle solution Ni level (316 μ M), increasing solution Ca increased shoot yield up to 0.8 mM Ca, with a progressive decline at higher Ca. For the high solution Ni level (1000 μ M), a trough effect with positive slope in lower Ca levels was observed.

Across all Ni and Ca treatments (Table 3), dry matter yield of shoot, root, and whole plant were found significantly different (P < 0.0001) for three species tested, except the root yield of *Alyssum murale* which was only significantly difference in P < 0.05 level. the maximum shoot and root yield were attained at 31.6 μ M Ni with 2 mM Ca for *Alyssum murale*, at 31.6 μ M Ni with 0.8 Ca for *Alyssum murale*, and at 1.0 μ M Ni with 2 mM for cabbage.

Ni Concentration and Distribution in Dry Matter Cabbage

For the lower solution Ni level $(1.0 \,\mu\text{M})$, increasing solution Ca had no effect on shoot Ni concentration (Fig. 4). For the higher solution Ni $(10 \,\mu\text{M})$, increasing Ca caused a progressive decline in shoot Ni up to 2 mM Ca but did not decrease further at 5 mM Ca. The similar pattern was observed on root Ni concentration for the lower solution Ni level. A trough effect with positive slope at higher Ca levels was observed at higher solution Ni level $(10 \,\mu\text{M})$.



Alyssum murale and A. pintodasilvae

For the lower solution Ni level, increasing solution Ca decreased shoot Ni (Figs. 5, 6) somewhat, with flat response after 0.8 mM Ca. But for the higher solution Ni levels, increasing solution Ca decreased shoot Ni at low Ca, but increased shoot Ni at high solution Ca. For *Alyssum pintodasilvae*, Ni was so toxic at the lowest Ca with 1000 μ M Ni that the reduction in shoot Ni with increasing Ca at low Ca levels (0.128 to 0.32 mM) was not observed, in contrast with the pattern for 31.6 and 316 μ M Ni.

For the lower solution Ni level, increasing solution Ca had a flat response on root Ni concentration of *Alyssum murale*, but decreased root Ni somewhat with flat response after 0.32 mM Ca for *A. pintodasilvae*. For the higher solution Ni levels (316 and 1000 μ M), increasing Ca decreased root Ni in low Ca levels and increased root Ni after 2 mM Ca, but increasing solution Ca had no effect on root Ni at low Ca with 316 μ M solution Ni for *A. murale*.

Alyssum species translocated a greater percentage of Ni to shoot tissue. Shoot contained was 84% to 98% of total plant Ni acrose all Ni and Ca treatments. Shoot Ni/root Ni concentration ratio values ranged from 1 to 10 (Figs. 7,8), far higher than found in cabbage or in tomato (Chaney et al. 1997).

Across Ni and Ca treatments, dry matter yield, Ni concentration, and Ca concentration differences of shoot, root, and whole plant were found for the three species tested (P < 0.001), except root yield of *Alyssum murale* was only significantly difference in P < 0.05 and root Ca concentration of *A. murale* had no significantly difference (Table 3).

Nutrient Composition in Shoot Dry Matter

Zn concentration

Shoot Zn concentration in Alyssum spp. (Table 5A and 5B) were significantly higher in the highest solution Ca levels in 1000 μ M Ni treatment, and remained similar across all Ca treatments for lower solution Ni levels. The highest

shoot Zn concentration in *Alyssum* spp. Was observed in highest solution Ca with highest solution Ni level. However, shoot Zn concentration in cabbage (Table 5C) was significantly lower in the higher solution Ca levels for both solution Ni levels, and the highest shoot Zn concentration in cabbage was found at the highest solution Ni level with lower solution Ca levels. In general, these interaction did not cause plant Zn to be raised to toxic levels or reduced to deficient levels. In crop plants, Ni is commonly found to reduce shoot Zn concentration and had additive effect to each other when concentration is above their toxic threshold (Wallace and Berry, 1989).

Cu and Mn concentration

Shoot Cu and Mn concentration in *Alyssum* spp. (Table 5A and 5B) were highest in the highest solution Ca treatment for higher solution Ni levels (316 and 1000 μ M) and remained similar across all Ca treatments for lower solution Ni level (31.6 μ M). The highest shoot Cu concentration in *Alyssum* spp. was observed in highest solution Ca with highest solution Ni level. Shoot Cu and Mn concentration in cabbage (Table 5C) decreased with increasing solution Ca for all solution Ni, except that there was no significant difference for Cu uptake in lower solution Ni level.

Fe concentration

For Alyssum murale (Table 5A), shoot Fe concentration was lowest in the highest solution Ca treatment in lower solution Ni (31.6 μ M), and remained similar across all Ca treatments in highest solution Ni (1000 μ M). For all solution Ni levels in Alyssum pintodasilvae (Table 5B) and middle solution Ni level (316 μ M) in A. murale, shoot Fe concentration was highest in the normal solution Ca levels (0.8-2 mM) and lower in both lower and higher Ca treatments. The highest shoot Fe concentration in cabbage (Table 5C) was happened in lowest solution Ca with lower solution Ni level.



P concentration

Shoot P concentration in *Alyssum* spp. (Table 5A and 5B) in higher solution Ni levels was lower in the normal solution Ca levels and higher in both higher and lower solution Ca levels, and remained not significantly different in lower solution Ni level. Increasing solution Ca level decreased shoot P concentration in cabbage (Table 5C) across both solution Ni levels. Shoot P was in the normal range for healthy plant growth in all treatments, the adequate shoot P concentration is 2 g/kg for most plants (Taiz and Zeiger, 1991).

Mg and Ca concentration

Shoot Mg concentration decreased with increasing solution Ca level across all Ni treatments and species (Table 5A, 5B, and 5C), and shoot Ca concentration increased regularly with increasing solution Ca.

Correlation between Ni and All Other Elements Concentration in Shoot Dry Matter

There was no significant correlation between Ni concentration and Mg and Ca concentration in shoot for all species (Table 4A, 4B, and 4C), except *Alyssum* spp. had a positive correlation between Ni concentration and Ca concentration (P < 0.05).

A positive correlation (P < 0.001) between Ni concentration and Zn, Cu, and P concentration in shoot for all species was observed. The correlation between shoot yield and shoot Ni concentration was negative (P < 0.001 for *Alyssum murale* and cabbage, but only P < 0.01 for *Alyssum pintodasilvae*).

Only Alyssum pintodasilvae has negative correlation (P < 0.001) between Ni concentration and M n and Fe concentration in shoot. Cabbage had positive correlation (P < 0.001) between Ni concentration and Mn concentration in shoot.



Ni Content

Shoot Ni content showed a similar pattern to shoot Ni concentration in Alyssum murale (Fig. 9), but the shoot yield was reduced remarkably due to toxicity of 1000 μ M Ni combined with high Ca level (5 mM) and caused the reduction of shoot Ni content. Shoot Ni content of Alyssum pintodasilvae (Fig. 10) reflected the pattern of shoot yield, except the lowest solution Ni level was no difference due to low Ni concentration in shoot.

The best treatment to get maximum Ni content in shoots was 316 μ M Ni with 5 mM Ca for *Alyssum murale* (50 mg/plant) and 1000 μ M Ni with 2 mM Ca for *Alyssum pintodasilvae* (40 mg/plant) in 6 weeks growth period. Cabbage shoots contained only less than 1.5 mg Ni/plant in all conditions.

Table 1A. Mean squares (MS) for the combined analyses over species, Ni treatments, Ca treatments, and blocks on shoot yield (log g) of 2 Alyssum spp. and 1 cabbage reference species.

| Source | DF | MS | F values |
|---------------------------|----|---------|------------|
| Species | 2 | 6.7144 | ****00 701 |
| Ca trt | 4 | 4 2034 | 100.98*** |
| Species x Ca trt | ∞ | FC07: | 66.97*** |
| Ni trt | 3 | 8 6126 | 8.07*** |
| Species x Ni trt | 2 | 0.2020 | 137.55*** |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 12 | 0.2012 | 3.21* |
| Species x Ni trt x Ca trt | 80 | 0.222 | 14.86*** |
| Block | 2 | 0.0207 | 4.43*** |
| Érror | 78 | 0.06276 | 1 |
| | | | |

*, ***, Significant at the probability 0.05 and 0.001 levels, respectively.

Tests of hypotheses using the Type I MS for Species x Ni trt x Ca trt as the error term.

TablelB. Mean squares (MS) for the combined analyses over species, Ni treatments, Ca treatments, and blocks on shoot Ni concentration to a Alyssum spp. and 1 cabbage reference species.

| 0 | L | | |
|---------------------------|----|---------|-----------|
| Source | DF | ΜS | r values |
| Species | 2 | 382.6 | 5196.*** |
| Ca irt | 4 | 0.7585 | 10.30*** |
| Species x Ca trt | 8 | 0.2762 | 3.75*** |
| Ni trt | 3 | 54.8583 | 744.90*** |
| Species x Ni trt | 2 | 0.0857 | 1.16 |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 12 | 0.3281 | 4.45*** |
| Species x Ni trt x Ca trt | ∞ | 0.2235 | 3.04** |
| Block | 2 | 0.0634 | 98.0 |
| Error | 78 | 0.0736 | |
| | | | |

, *, Significant at the probability 0.01 and 0.001 levels, respectively.

Type I MS for Species x Ni trt x Ca trt was used as the error term to test for hypotheses.

† Ni concentration is log mg L⁻¹.

Table 1C. Mean squares (MS) for the combined analyses by species, Ni treatments, Ca treatments, and blocks on shoot yield[†] of 2 Alyssum spp. and 1 cabbage reference species.

| Source | DF | MS | F values | | |
|---------------------|-------|--------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Species: Alyssum mu | urale | | | | |
| Ni trt | 2 | 2.318 | 47.55*** | | |
| Ca trt | 4 | 1.084 | 47.55*** 22.24*** 9.86*** | | |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 8 | 0.481 | 9.86*** | | |
| Error | 30 | 0.9157 | | | |

| Source | DF | MS | F values |
|----------------------|-------------|--------|----------|
| Species: Alyssum pir | ntodasilvae | | |
| Ni trt | 2 | 3.904 | 44.43*** |
| Ca trt | 4 | 2.399 | 27.30*** |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 8 | 0.759 | 8.64*** |
| Error | 30 | 0.0879 | |

| Source | DF | MS | F values | | |
|------------------|----|--------|----------|--|--|
| Species: Cabbage | | | | | |
| Ni trt | 1 | 13.86 | 330.67 | | |
| Ca trt | 4 | 1.733 | 41.35 | | |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 4 | 0.8740 | 20.86 | | |
| Ептог | 20 | 0.0419 | | | |

^{*, ***,} Significant at the probability 0.05 and 0.001 levels, respectively.

Type III MS for Species x Ni trt x Ca trt was used as the error term to test for hypotheses. \dagger shoot yield is log g.

Table 1D. Mean squares (MS) for the combined analyses by species, Ni treatments, Ca treatments, and blocks on shoot Ni concentration[†] of 2 Alyssum spp. and 1 cabbage reference species.

| Source | DF | MS | F values |
|----------------------|-------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| Species: Alyssum m | urale | | |
| Ca trt | 2 | 8.957 | 161.18*** |
| Ni trt | 4 | 0.9013 | 16.22*** |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 8 | 0.2965 | 5.34*** |
| Егтог | 30 | 0.0556 | |
| Source | DF | MS | F values |
| Species: Alyssum pir | rıodasilvae | | 1 values |
| Ca trt | 2 | 6.650 | 104.87*** |
| Vi trt | 4 | 0.2614 | |
| W UL | 4 | 0.2614 | 4.12** |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 8 | 0.2013 | 4.12 ** 3.17 ** |

| Source | DF | MS | F values |
|------------------|----|--------|------------|
| Species: Cabbage | | | |
| Ni trt | 1 | 133.5 | 1160.34*** |
| Ca trt | 4 | 0.1482 | 1.29 |
| Ni trt x Ca trt | 4 | 0.4358 | 3.79* |
| Error | 20 | 0.1151 | |

^{*, ***,} Significant at the probability 0.05 and 0.001 levels, respectively.

Type III MS for Species x Ni trt x Ca trt was used as the error term to test for hypotheses. \dagger Ni concentration is log mg L^{-1} .

Table 2. Nickel concentration for Ni treatment[†] additions to 0.5 strength Hoagland solution with 2.0 mM MgSO₄, respectively.

| Treatment | Concentration | Treatment | Concentration |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| μM Ni | pNi ²⁺ mol/L | μM Ca | pCa ¹⁺ mol/L |
| <u>Cabbage</u> | | | |
| 1.00 | 6 | 128 | 3.89 |
| 10.00 | 5 | 320 | 3.49 |
| | | 800 | 3.10 |
| | | 2000 | 2.70 |
| | | 5000 | 2.30 |
| Alvssum spp.* | | | |
| 31.60 | 5.50 | 128 | 3.89 |
| 316.00 | 3.50 | 320 | 3.49 |
| 1000.00 | 3.00 | 800 | 3.10 |
| | | 2000 | 2.70 |
| | | 5000 | 2.30 |
| | | | |

[†] NiSO₄ was used as nickel treatments. Due to the death of cabbage before nickel treatment reaching 31.6 mM in pre-experiment, cabbage was only applied 2 lower nickel levels.

Table 3. Mean squares from analysis of variance of shoot, root, and whole plant dry matter yield. Ni concentration, and Ca concentration for A. murale, A. pintodasilvae, and cabbage across Ca and Ni treatments, respectively.

| | | | ry matter yield | d | | |
|------------------|----|----------|-----------------|------------------|--|--|
| Source | df | Root | Shoot | Whole Plant | | |
| | | | log g | | | |
| A. murale | 14 | 2.78* | 0.92*** | 0.95*** | | |
| A. pintodasilvae | 14 | 2.03*** | 1.68*** | 1.67*** | | |
| Cabbage | 9 | 7.30*** | 2.70*** | 3.00*** | | |
| | | N | i Concentration | n | | |
| | | | log mg | kg-1 | | |
| A. murale | 14 | 4.03*** | 1.71*** | 1.82*** | | |
| A. pintodasilvae | 14 | 3.21*** | 3.21*** 1.14*** | | | |
| Cabbage | 9 | 13.73*** | 15.10*** | 12.42*** | | |
| | | Ca Conce | ntration | | | |
| | | | log mg | kg ⁻¹ | | |
| A. murale | 14 | 0.480+ | 3.48*** | 2.95*** | | |
| A. pintodasilvae | 14 | 0.329*** | 2.55*** | 2.31*** | | |
| Cabbage | 9 | 3.06*** | 2.73*** | 2.74*** | | |

^{+, *, ***} Significant at the 0.1, 0.05, and 0.001 of probabilities, respectively.

Table 4A. Matrix of correlation coefficient (r) of interelemental relationships in Ni hyperaccumulator, Alyssum murale, grown in 0.5 strength Hoagland solution with nickel and calcium treatments.

| | Ca | 0.36* -0.07 0.48*** 0.40** 0.67*** -0.19 -0.02 |
|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| | Mg | -0.13 -0.26+ -0.14 -0.15 -0.19 0.28+ 0.29+ |
| | ۵ | 0.51*** -0.84*** 0.51*** 0.50*** -0.01 |
| | Fe | -0.22 -0.09 -0.06 -0.29+ 0.03 |
| tilicilis. | Mn | -0.02 -0.05 0.19 -0.03 |
| The second is called its. | Cu | 0.98*** |
| | Zn | 0.76*** |
| | Shoot dry wt. | -0.52*** |
| | z | Ni Shoot dry wt. Zn Cu Mn Fe P Mg |

+, *, **, ***Significant at the 0.1, 0.05, 0.01 and 0.001 probability level, respectively. (Check reference from Brooks and Yang, 1984, Taxon 33(3):392-399. In Ca/Mg paper file)

Table 4B. Matrix of correlation coefficient (r) of interelemental relationships in Ni hyperaccumulator, Alyssum pintodasilvae, grown in 0.5 strength Hoagland solution with nickel and calcium treatments.

| | Shoot dry wt. | Zn | Cu | Mn | Fe | ۵ | Mg | Ca |
|---------------|---------------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|-------|----------|
| | -0.40** | 0.70*** | 1.00*** | -0.57*** | -0.62*** | 0.57*** | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| shoot dry wt. | | -0.56*** | -0.41** | -0.13 | 0.42** | -0.73*** | -0.12 | -0.07 |
| | | | 0.68*** | -0.01 | -0.32* | 0.81*** | 0.03 | 0.28+ |
| | | | | -0.57*** | -0.63*** | 0.58*** | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| u | | | | | 0.41** | -0.02 | -0.11 | 0.27+ |
| Fe | | | | | | -0.34* | 0.00 | -0.17 |
| | | | | | | | 0.19 | 0.05 |
| Mg | | | | | | | | -0.66*** |

+, *, **, ***Significant at the 0.1, 0.05, 0.01 and 0.001 probability level, respectively. (Check reference from Brooks and Yang, 1984, Taxon 33(3):392-399. In Ca/Mg paper file)

Tablac. iNatrix of correlation coefficient (r) of interelemental relationships in cabbage grown in 0.5 strength Hoagland solution with nickel and calcium treatments.

| | | : |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | Ca | -0.11 0.18 -0.26 -0.11 -0.23 -0.17 -0.17 |
| | ive | 0.31+ -0.51** 0.44* 0.38* 0.76*** 0.50** |
| | Ь | 0.82*** -0.85*** 0.89*** 0.67*** |
| | Fe | -0.16 -0.14 -0.10 -0.09 0.37* |
| | Į. | 0.55** -0.68*** 0.57*** 0.54** |
| ILS. | Cu | 0.78*** |
| un neaments | Zn | 0.73*** |
| Solution with Blocks and Calci | Shoor dry wt. | -0.76*** |
| The House of | Ź | Ni Shoot dry wt. Zn Cu iiyn Fe P iiyg Ga |

+, *, **, ***Significant at the 0.1, 0.05, 0.01 and 0.001 probability level, respectively. (Check reference from Brooks and Yang, 1984, Taxon 33(3):392-399. In Ca/INg paper file)

Table 5A. Elemental concentrations in shoots and roots of Alyssum murale grown in nutrient solution with three Ni treatments and five Ca treatments. Geometric means are presented, n=3.

| Treatment Yield Ni Zn Cu Mn Fe P Mg Ca -log mol L' g g kg² dry wt | | | Scouled incails are presented, n=3. | are present | ica, n=3. | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|
| 8 8 kg dty wt | Treatment conc. | Yield | Z | Zn | τ̈̈́ | Mn | Fe | Ь | Mg | ్ర |
| 3.24b 3.67a 69.7a 21.6a 109.a 95.7a 3.40a 5.75a 4.16a 1.69b 54.4a 13.6a 102.a 99.6a 2.91a 4.84 ab 3.58 ab 2.68 ab 63.2a 22.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.87 ab 3.19b 2.56 ab 56.1a 22.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.48 bbc 2.51 ab 65.4a 30.1a 152.a 56.9b 3.14a 3.61 c 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2b 43.2c 50.9b 59.0b 3.87 ab 4.53 ab 4.53 ab 4.82 c 55.3b 71.8b 54.6b 80.8a 3.74 a 5.43 a 5.49 b 59.0b 3.87 ab 4.53 ab 4.53 ab 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 5.13 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 86.7 a 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.63 b 3.75 b 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 5.93 a 5.93 ab 56.2 a 3.33 ab 5.93 ab 56.2 a 3.33 ab 5.93 a 5.93 a 56.9 a 3.93 ab 56.9 a 56.9 a 3.93 ab | log mol L'1 | <i>p</i> 0 | g kg" dry wt | | mg kg | dry wt | | | - | |
| 3.24 b 3.67a 69.7a 21.6a 109.a 95.7a 3.40a 5.75a 4.16a 1.69 b 54.4a 13.6a 102.a 99.6a 2.91a 4.84ab 3.56ab 2.68ab 63.2a 21.8a 128.a 88.2a 2.91a 4.84ab 3.19 b 2.56ab 56.1a 22.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.46 bc 3.19 b 2.51ab 65.4a 30.1a 152.a 56.9b 3.14a 3.61 c 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7ab 51.2 bc 50.9b 59.0b 3.87ab 4.85 bc 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61ab 4.85 a 3.60 b 8.37 b 80.6ab 71.8 b 54.6 b 80.8a 3.74a 5.43 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 2.22 b 6.24 a 2.73 b <td>;</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> g kg. D</td> <td>wt</td> | ; | | | | 0 | | | | g kg. D | wt |
| 3.24b 3.67a 69.7a 21.6a 109.a 95.7a 3.40a 5.75a 4.16a 1.69 b 54.4a 13.6a 102.a 99.6a 2.91a 4.84 ab 3.56 ab 2.68 ab 63.2a 21.8a 128.a 88.2a 3.35a 4.87 ab 3.19 b 2.56 ab 56.1a 22.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.46 bc 3.19 b 2.56 ab 56.1a 22.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.46 bc 2.27 b 2.51 ab 65.4a 30.1a 152.a 56.9b 3.14a 3.61 c 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7a b 51.2 bc 50.9b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.85 a 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 261 ab 4.85 a 3.4b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 261 ab 3.90 ab 3.4b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b< | hoot | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.24 b 3.67 a 69.7 a 21.6 a 109. a 95.7 a 3.40 a 5.75 a 4.16 a 1.69 b 54.4 a 13.6 a 102. a 99.6 a 2.91 a 4.84 ab 3.56 ab 2.68 ab 63.2 a 21.8 a 128. a 88.2 a 3.35 a 4.84 ab 3.19 b 2.56 ab 56.1 a 22.1 a 131. a 87.6 a 3.37 a 4.46 bc 2.27 b 2.51 ab 65.4 a 30.1 a 152. a 56.9 b 3.14 a 3.61 c 2.27 b 2.51 ab 66.7 ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.53 ab 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.85 a 3.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.49 a 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 15.1 b 60.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 | Ca level | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.77 0 3.07 a 09.7 a 11.6 a 109. a 95.7 a 3.40 a 5.75 a 3.6 ab 54.4 a 13.6 a 102. a 99.6 a 2.91 a 4.84 ab 3.19 b 2.68 ab 65.1 a 22.1 a 131. a 87.6 a 3.37 a 4.80 ab 3.19 b 2.56 ab 56.1 a 22.1 a 131. a 87.6 a 3.37 a 4.80 ab 2.27 b 2.51 ab 65.4 a 30.1 a 152. a 56.9 b 3.14 a 3.61 c 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7 ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.85 ab 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.85 a 3.60 b 8.37 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a< | 3 89 | | 161. | 9 | į | | | | | |
| 4.16a 1.69 b 54.4a 13.6a 102.a 99.6a 29.7a 4.84 ab 3.56 ab 2.68 ab 63.2a 21.8a 128.a 88.2a 2.91a 4.84 ab 3.19 b 2.56 ab 56.1a 22.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.87 ab 3.19 b 2.51 ab 65.4a 30.1a 152.a 56.9 b 3.14a 4.87 ab 2.27 b 2.51 ab 65.4a 30.1a 152.a 56.9 b 3.14a 3.61 c 2.27 b 2.51 ab 56.7 b 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.87 ab 3.60 b 8.37 b 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.85 a 3.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 56.1 a 56.a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b </td <td>5.6</td> <td>•</td> <td>3.0/ a</td> <td>69.7 a</td> <td>21.6 a</td> <td></td> <td>95.7 a</td> <td>3 40 2</td> <td>5 75 3</td> <td>, ,,</td> | 5.6 | • | 3.0/ a | 69.7 a | 21.6 a | | 95.7 a | 3 40 2 | 5 75 3 | , ,, |
| 3.56 ab 2.68 ab 63.2 a 21.8 a 128.a 88.2 a 2.51 a 4.84 ab 3.19 b 2.56 ab 56.1 a 22.1 a 131.a 87.6 a 3.37 a 4.46 bc 3.19 b 2.51 ab 65.4 a 30.1 a 152. a 56.9 b 3.37 a 4.46 bc 2.27 b 2.51 ab 65.4 a 30.1 a 152. a 56.9 b 3.14 a 3.61 c 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7 ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.46 bc 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.85 a 3.60 b 8.37 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.40 b 8.37 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.65 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 22.2 b 62.4 a | 5.49 | • | 1.69 b | 54.4 a | 13.6 a | | 00 6 3 | 20.0 | 1.1.0 d | 2.47 |
| 3.19 b 2.56 ab 56.1a 22.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.80 bc 55.4a 30.1a 152.a 56.9 b 3.14a 3.61 c 2.27 b 2.51 ab 65.4a 30.1a 152.a 56.9 b 3.14a 3.61 c 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.83 ab 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 5.70 a 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 3.10 | • | 2.68 ab | 63.2 a | 2183 | | B C 00 | B 17.7 | 4.64 aD | 5.60 d |
| 3.19b 2.51ab 65.4a 30.1a 131.a 87.6a 3.37a 4.46 bc 2.27b 2.93c 86.7ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87ab 4.50 c 3.74b 5.77c 46.2 b 43.7 c 46.2 b 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61ab 4.85 a 3.60 b 8.37 b 80.6 ab 71.8 b 54.6 b 80.8 a 3.74 a 5.43 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 5.70 a 3.93 ab 9.90 a 22.8 a | 2.70 | • | 2.56 ab | 56.1.3 | 2) 1 s | | 65.2 a | 3.35 a | 4.87 ab | 17.0 c |
| 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7 ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.14 a 3.61 c 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.83 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 2.30 | • | 7 51 ab | B 7 00 | B 1.77 | | 87.6 a | 3.37 a | 4.46 bc | 24.5 h |
| 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7 ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.53 ab 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.85 a 3.60 b 8.37 b 80.6 ab 71.8 b 54.6 b 80.8 a 3.74 a 5.43 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 9.9 a 22.8 a 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 20.3 a 86.4 a 86.4 a 55.0 a 3.93 ab | 2 | • | 7.31 a0 | b).4 a | 30.1 a | 152. a | 26.9 b | 3.14 a | 3.61 c | 39.1 a |
| 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7 ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.53 ab 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.85 a 3.60 b 8.37 b 80.6 ab 71.8 b 54.6 b 80.8 a 3.74 a 5.43 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 9.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 64.0 a 65.4 a 57.0 a 2.78 b 3.93 ab 9.96 b 22.8 a 20.3 a </td <td>pNi = 3.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | pNi = 3.5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.27 b 5.93 c 86.7 ab 51.2 bc 50.9 b 59.0 b 3.87 ab 4.53 ab 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.85 a 3.60 b 8.37 b 80.6 ab 71.8 b 54.6 b 80.8 a 3.74 a 5.43 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.23 ab 9.96 b 22.8 a 20.3 a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | Ca level | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.74 b 5.77 c 46.2 b 43.2 c 43.7 b 58.2 b 2.61 ab 4.83 ab 3.60 b 8.37 b 80.6 ab 71.8 b 54.6 b 80.8 a 3.74 a 5.43 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 3.89 | | 5.93 c | 86.7 ah | 51.2 bc | \$0.05 | 9 | | , | |
| 3.60 b 8.37 b 80.6 ab 71.8 b 54.6 b 80.8 a 3.74 a 5.43 a 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 3.49 | | 5.77 c | 46.2 h | 42.75 | 20.30 | 39.0 0 | 3.87 ab | 4.53 ab | 1.97 c |
| 5.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.0 a 3.93 ab | 3.10 | | 8 17 b | 7 7 00 | 7 7 7 6 | 45.70 | 0 7.8C | 2.61 ab | 4.85 a | 3.67 c |
| 3.43 a 4.82 c 55.3 b 40.2 c 37.5 b 75.1 a 1.92 b 3.90 ab 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 0, 6 | | 0.77.0 | 80.0 aD | /1.8 b | 54.6 b | 80.8 a | 3.74 a | 5.43 a | 11.2 12 |
| 3.19 b 16.5 a 111.8 a 133.5 a 163. a 43.8 c 3.33 ab 2.79 b 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 2.70 2.30 | | 4.82 c | 55.3 b | 40.2 c | 37.5 b | 75.1 a | 1.92 b | 3.90.35 | 1.6 |
| 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 7.30 | | 16.5 a | 111.8 а | 133.5 a | 163. a | 43.8 c | 3.33 ab | 2.79 b | 40.0 a |
| 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | pNi = 3.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.79 b 13.1 b 80.8 b 98.0 b 44.7 b 64.0 a 6.91 a 5.66 a 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | Ca level | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.48 b 9.23 b 63.8 b 77.6 b 40.8 b 86.7 a 4.91 a 5.61 a 3.78 a 8.58 b 56.2 b 69.7 b 28.4 b 57.0 a 2.62 b 4.72 ab 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 3.89 | 0.79 b | | 80.8 b | 98.0 b | 44 7 h | ,019 | - 10 3 | ì | ; |
| 3.78a 8.58b 56.2b 69.7b 28.4b 57.0a 2.62b 4.72ab 3.98a 8.18b 71.1b 63.5b 22.2b 62.4a 2.78b 3.25b 6.96b 22.8a 203. a 169.8a 86.4a 84.4a 5.50a 3.93ab | 3.49 | 1.48 b | | 63.8 h | 77.K.b. | 1007 | 4.0 | 0.91 a | 3.bb a | 2.03 c |
| 3.98 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 62.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 6.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 3 10 | 3 78 3 | | 0.00 | 0.77 | 40.8 0 | 80.7a | 4.91 a | 5.61 a | 3.98 c |
| 3.96 a 8.18 b 71.1 b 63.5 b 22.2 b 62.4 a 2.78 b 3.25 b 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 07.0 | 00.70 | | 0 7.00 | 69.7 b | 28.4 b | 57.0 a | 2.62 b | 4.72 ab | 5 86 5 |
| 0.96 b 22.8 a 203. a 169.8 a 86.4 a 84.4 a 5.50 a 3.93 ab | 07.7 | 3.98 a | | 71.16 | 63.5 b | 22.2 b | 62.4 a | 2.78 b | 3.25 b | 11.2 h |
| | 7.30 | 0.96 D | | 203. а | 169.8 a | 86.4 a | 84.4 a | 5.50 a | 3.93 ah | 37.0 |

| | 1 93 d | 2 10rd | 2.1.2 | 3.70 h | 5.31 a | | | 1736 | 173 6 | 2 30 0 | 3 96 h | 4.48 q | • | | 1 06 1 | 2.70 A | 1.40 g | 20.0 20.0 | 3.93 a | 5.04 a | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|--------------|--------------|----------|--|
| | 1 99 h | 2 19 h | 1 57 b | 1 59 h | 3.20 a | | | 2.27 ah | 1 94 ah | 1.74 ab | 1 50 h | 2.45 a | | | 5 78 3 | 4 07 3 | 167.9 | 8 (0.1 | E 9C.1 | 2.83 a | |
| | 3.01.a | 2.31 a | 3.05 a | 3.99 a | 4.79 a | | | 5.06 a | 3.81 ab | 3 68 ah | 2.05 h | 3.38 b | | | 1053 | 7 97 2 | 3 50 3 | 4 16 a | . to t | 7.61 a | |
| | 361 a | 288 a | 187 a | 180 a | 313 a | | | 2640 a | 939 b | 1230 b | 701 h | 430 b | | | 1756 a | 2330 a | 1479 a | 7505 | 2000 2000 | 777 a | |
| | 136. a | 137. a | 162. a | 147. a | 467. a | | | 41.5 b | 19.0 b | 26.6 b | 20.1 b | 196. a | | | 58.7 a | 88.7 a | 24.1.3 | 7872 | 8 | 44.1.2 | |
| | 20.7 a | 27.3 a | 11.3 a | 15.6 a | 16.2 a | | | 60.1 a | 28.3 b | 29.3 b | 17.3 b | 60.1 a | | | 86.0 a | 159.0 a | 48.2 a | 5033 | 3 | 63.68 | |
| | 223. a | 65.3 a | 166. a | 163. a | 264. a | | | 439. a | 199. b | 212. b | 83.9 b | 155. b | | | 320. ab | 262. ab | 136. b | 122 h | 441 | <u>.</u> | |
| | 0.351 a | 0.411 a | 0.451 a | 0.466 a | 1.15 a | | | 2.09 b | 2.25 b | 2.02 b | 2.22 b | 7.90 a | | | 8.17 ab | 4.49 b | 5.23 b | 3.86 h | 2 2 2 1 | 10.3 a | |
| | 0.518 a | 0.560 a | 1.08 a | 1.05 a | 0.625 a | | | 0.641 b | 0.886 ab | 0.800 ab | 1.63 a | 1.98 ab | | | 0.0682 a | 0.0576 a | 0.732 a | 0.432 a | 0.372 a | D 7/C.0 | |
| $\frac{\text{Rout}}{\text{pNi} = 4.5}$ Ca level | 3.89 | 3.49 | 3.10 | 2.70 | 2.30 | pNi = 3.5 | Ca level | 3.89 | 3.49 | 3.10 | 2.70 | 2.30 | pNi = 3.0 | Ca level | 3.89 | 3.49 | 3.10 | 2.70 | 7 30 | 06:3 | |

‡Means followed by the same letter across treatments and within a plant part are not significantly different (P=0.05, df =10).

Table 5B. Elemental concentrations in shoots and roots of Alyssum pintodasilvae grown in nutrient solution with three Ni treatments and five Ca treatments. Geometric means are presented, n=3.

| Treatment conc. | Yield | Z | Zn | ņ | Mn | H e | Ь | Mg | Ca |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|--------|---------------------------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|
| -log mol L-1 | 50 | mg kg.1 D. wt | | mg kg ⁻¹ D. wt | . wt | | | g kg.¹ D. wt | |
| Shoot | | | | | | | | | |
| pNi = 4.5 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 80 | | | 120. a | 36.7 a | 198. a | 82.1 ab | 5.34 a | 5.55 a | 5.31 d |
| 3.40 | • | | 84.0 a | 25.5 ab | 189. a | 109. ab | 3.94 a | 5.06 ab | 9.99 d |
| 2.10 | • | | 62.4 a | 15.5 b | 166. a | 119. а | 3.33 a | 4.34 b | 19.2 c |
| 3.10 | | | 86.3 a | 26.8 ab | 181. a | 94.9 ab | 4.17 a | 4.04 bc | 40.2 b |
| 2.30 | 2.12 b | 3.77 ab | 95.3 a | 32.1 ab | 236. а | 61.3 b | 4.00 a | 3.08 c | 51.8 a |
| nNi = 2 \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Ca level | | | | | | , | | • | |
| 3.89 | | 9.16 ab | 120. a | 68.3 ab | 97.3 ab | 73.5 a | 4.83 a | 5.30 a | 3.04 a |
| 3 49 | | 8.37 ab | 87.9 a | 64.5 ab | 78.4 abc | 59.8 ab | 3.22 b | 5.60 a | 6.64 Cd |
| 3.10 | | 6.81 b | 80.7 a | 52.4 b | 57.4 c | 76.6 a | 2.85 b | 4.70 ab | 12.6 c |
| 2.10 | | 96 p | 83.8 a | 56.5 b | 63.8 c | 74.9 a | 3.08 b | 4.33 ab | 29.9 b |
| 2.30 | 2.16 b | 10.8 a | 112. a | 83.5 a | 102. а | 50.2 b | 3.80 ab | 3.35 b | 55.6 a |
| oNi = 3.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Ca level | | | | | | i d | | 7 | F 60 7 |
| 3 80 | | 7.76 c | 75.4 b | 63.2 c | 55.4 a | 20.7 c | 4.75 aD | 4.92 a | 0.03 u |
| 3.60 | | 13.6 h | 136. b | 110. b | 53.1 a | 48.4 b | 6.79 a | 5.59 a | 5.49 d |
| 01.6 | | 13.3 h | 119 h | 106, ab | 53.4 a | 64.9 a | 5.46 ab | 5.10 a | 12.9 c |
| 5.10 | | 2.70 | 85.6 h | 79.4 c | 34.6 a | 65.4 a | 3.19 b | 4.10 a | 19.3 b |
| 07.7 | 20.4 0 080 0 | 1603 | 208. 3 | 131. a | 63.3 a | 28.1 c | 7.50 a | 3.88 а | 50.3 a |
| 7.30 | | 3 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | ; ; | | | | | | |

| | 1.78 c | 2.20 bc | 3.14 ab | 3.51 ab | 4.69 a | | | 2.15 c | 1.81 c | 2.29 c | 3.10 b | 4.33 a | | | 4.06 a | 2.43 a | 2.59 a | 2.95 a | 4.82 a | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|--|
| | 2.25 a | 1.59 b | 1.61 b | 1.25 b | 1.56 b | | | 2.15 a | 1.90 a | 1.54 a | 1.36 a | 1.70 a | | | 7.48 a | 2.16 b | 1.88 b | 1.38 b | 1.71 6 | |
| | 4.48 a | 2.83 a | 3.62 a | 2.97 a | 3.99 a | | | 3.19 a | 3.74 a | 3.21 a | 3.19 a | 3.74 a | | | 7.13 a | 6.50 a | 4.98 ab | 2.97 b | 7.87 a | |
| | 1110. а | 437. a | 529. a | 401. a | 378. a | | | 2880 a | 1860 a | 1240 a | 2040 a | 1440 a | | | 2620 a | 3820 a | 4180 a | 2140 a | 2120 a | |
| | 152. b | 120. b | 48.1 b | 110. b | 472. a | | | 41.9 a | 32.6 a | 28.8 a | 25.2 a | 35.3 а | | | 65.1 a | 39.1 b | 32.2 b | 22.5 b | 31.5 b | |
| | 20.9 a | 13.8 a | 13.5 a | 14.2 a | 14.2 a | | | 32.1 a | 27.7 a | 24.0 a | 22.4 a | 31.6 а | | | 236. а | 73.1 b | 39.7 b | 25.2 b | 70.0 b | |
| | 658. a | 298. а | 266. а | 260. а | 290. а | | | 354. а | 230. ab | 117. b | 150. ab | 298. ab | | | 212. b | 705. a | 487. a | 199. b | 626. а | |
| | 020 | 0.461 b | 371 | 473 | 593 | | | 2.10 a | 1.94 a | 1.32 a | 1.17 a | 2.90 a | | | 7.95 a | 6.28 ab | 4.83 bc | 2.58 c | 7.26 ab | |
| | 0.231 a | 0.393 a | 0.412 a | 0.483 a | 0.503 a | | | 0.282 b | 0.512 ab | 0.804 a | 0.545 ab | 0.511 ab | | | 0.027 c | 0.124 bc | 0.248 ab | 0.463 a | 0.225 bc | |
| $\frac{\text{Root}}{\text{pNi} = 3.5}$ Ca level | 3.89 | 3.49 | 3.10 | 2.70 | 2.30 | pNi = 3.5 | Ca level | 3.89 | 3.49 | 3.10 | 2.70 | 2.30 | pNi = 3.0 | Ca level | 3.89 | 3.49 | 3.10 | 2.70 | 2.30 | |

‡Means followed by the same letter across treatments and within a plant part are not significantly different (P=0.05, df =10).

Table 5C. Elemental concentrations in shoots and roots of cabbage grown in nutrient solution with three Ni treatments and five Ca treatments. Geometric means are presented, n=3.

| Ca freaments. | George Ic Incans | | ale presented, 11-3. | ٦. | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| Treatment conc. | Yield | ï | Zn | Cu | Mn | ਜ 9 | ď | Mg | Ca |
| -log mol L·1 | ಮ | g kg.¹ D. wt | 1 | - mg kg ⁻¹ D. wt | wt | | g kg.¹ D. wt | wt | |
| $\frac{\text{Shoot}}{\text{pNi} = 6.0}$ | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.89 | 4.72 c | 0.00215 a | 56.4 a | 2.58 a | 133. a | 74.3 a | 2.10 a | 16.1 a | 3.39 d |
| 3.49 | 9.49 b | 0.00152 a | 20.3 b | 1.92 a | 58.7 b | 41.6 ab | 0.96 b | 9.06 bc | 3.45 d |
| 3.10 | 11.1 ab | 0.00297 a | 24.4 b | 2.09 a | 75.6 b | 49.4 ab | 0.93 b | 10.7 b | 10.6 c |
| 2.70 | 12.6 a | 0.00211 a | 22.1 b | 2.08 a | 70.6 b | 32.5 b | 0.80 b | 6.63 cd | 19.8 b |
| 2.30 | 12.2 a | 0.00305 a | 20.8 b | 2.23 a | 63.6 b | 42.7 ab | 0.86 b | 5.19 d | 34.2 а |
| pNi = 5.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Ca level | 3 | | , | 6 00 9 | 133 | 18 0 3 | 6 00 3 | 15.2.2 | 3 27 d |
| 3.89 | 1.62 00 | | 219. ä | 0.03 a | 134. d | 0.00 0.00 | 8 (O. A | 13.6 | 2 55 cd |
| 3.49 | 1.87 bc | æ. | 237. a | 4.34 ab | 134. a | 30.7 8 | J.74 d | 0.77 | 1, 9 to |
| 3.10 | 1.13 c | 0.162 bc | 209. а | 6.05 a | 103. ab | 44.6 a | 1.32 a | 2. c | 14.0 00 |
| 2.70 | 9.98 a | ပ | 16.3 b | 2.75 b | 62.9 b | 38.9 a | 0.75 b | 6.53 d | 0 6.61 |
| 2.30 | 2.51 b | ပ | 83.2 ab | 3.54 ab | 98.0 ab | 35.7 а | 3.75 ab | 6.43 d | 41.7 a |
| Root | | | | | | | | | |
| pNi = 6.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Ca level | | | | | | | 1 00 | 7 07 6 | 1 30 k |
| 3.89 | 1.11 b | | 25.8 a | 14.8 a | 47.1 a | 130. a | 1.70 4 | 3.700 | 0 (6.1 |
| 3.49 | 1.89 ab | 0.0171 a | 30.3 a | 17.2 a | 31.6 a | 143. a | 1.96 a | 3.55 b | 1.47 b |
| 3.10 | 2.64 a | 0.0144 a | 18.2 a | 8.00 a | 21.5 a | 106. a | 1.24 a | 3.51 b | 1.80 b |
| 2.70 | 2773 | 0.0183 a | 17.5 a | 9.43 a | 20.4 a | 90.9 a | 1.33 a | 3.82 b | 3.17 b |
| 2.30 | 2.39 a | 0.0145 a | 20.0 a | 9.53 a | 39.6 a | 98.7 a | 1.57 a | 4.85 a | 42.0 a |
|) 1 | | | | | | | | | |

| | 3.90 b 4.08 ab 5.61 ab 4.09 ab 9.48 a | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| | 4.33 ab 3.45 b 5.47 a 2.65 b 2.97 b | |
| | 6.56 ab 5.97 ab 11.2 a 2.32 b 3.31 b | |
| | 836. ab 1370. ab 2520. a 281. b 367. b | |
| | 121. a 94.1 a 121. a 38.7 a 213. a | |
| | 64.1 a 47.0 a 52.3 a 21.7 a 25.7 a | |
| | 249. a 326. a 546. a 61.6 a 141. a | |
| | 1.05 a 1.08 a 0.733 a 0.408 a 0.996 a | |
| | 0.120 b 0.077 b 0.045 b 0.893 a 0.409 ab | |
| pNi = 5.0 Ca level | 3.89 3.49 3.10 2.70 2.30 | |

‡Means followed by the same letter across treatments and within a plant part are not significantly different (P=0.05, df =10).

CLAIMS:

1. A method of recovering nickel from soil rich in nickel, comprising: growing a nickel hyperaccumulating plant selected from the genera *Alyssum* on said soil, while maintaining soil conditions such that the concentration of calcium in said soil is from about 0.128 mM to about 5 mM and said pH is maintained below about 7.0,

Allowing said growth to continue until such time as the concentration of Ni in the above ground tissues of said plant is at least 2.5%, gross dry weight of the above ground tissues,

drying said above ground tissues, and recovering Ni from said above ground tissues.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said above ground tissues are selected from the group consisting of shoots, leaves, above ground tissues other than shoots and leaves, and mixtures thereof.
 - 3. The method of claim 2, wherein said above ground tissues are leaves.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein said soil conditions are maintained such that the ratio of exchangeable Ca/Mg is between about 0.16 0.40.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said plant is selected from a species selected from the group consisting of A. murale, A. pintodasilvae, A. malacitanum, A. lesbiacum, A. tenium, and A. fallacinum.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein said plant is selected from a species selected from the group consisting of A. murale and A. pintodasilvae.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the genotype of said plant is identical to that of the wild-type of said species and free of natural or induced mutation and heterologous DNA.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein said soil conditions are further maintained such that chelating agents which chelate Ni in the presence of Fe, Mg

and Ca are added to said soil and ammonium based N-fertilizer is added to said soil, both while said plant is being grown on said soil.

- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein said soil is serpentine soil.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein said soil is rich in Ni due to at least one industrial process which has deposited Ni in said soil.
- 11. A naturally occurring plant of the *Allysum* genus which has a concentration of nickel in its above-ground tissues of 2.5 5.0%, based on the gross dry weight of said tissues.

FIGURE 1

Cabbage - Shoot Yield

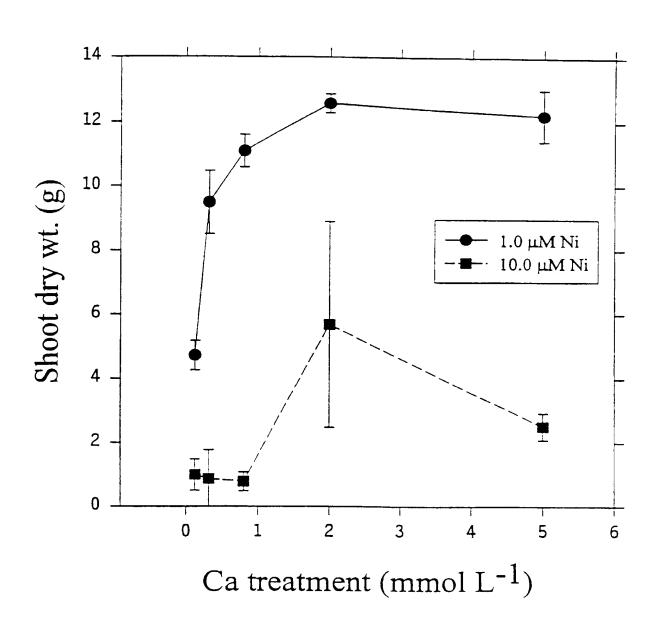


FIGURE 2

A. murale Shoot Yield

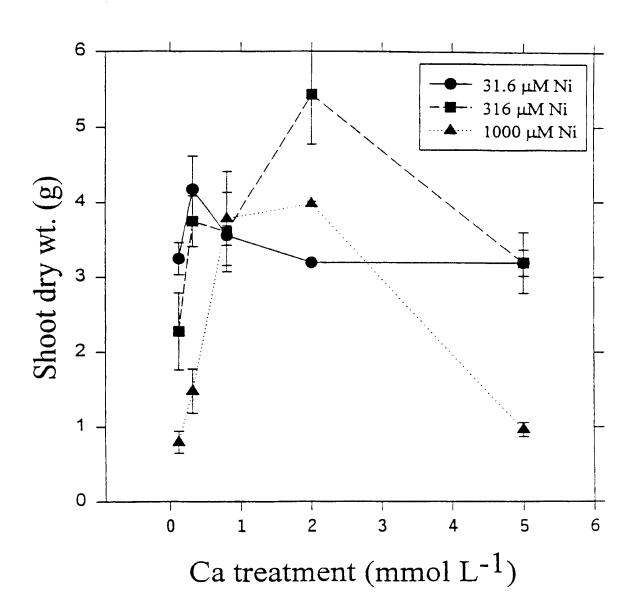


FIGURE 3

A. pintodasilvae Shoot Yield

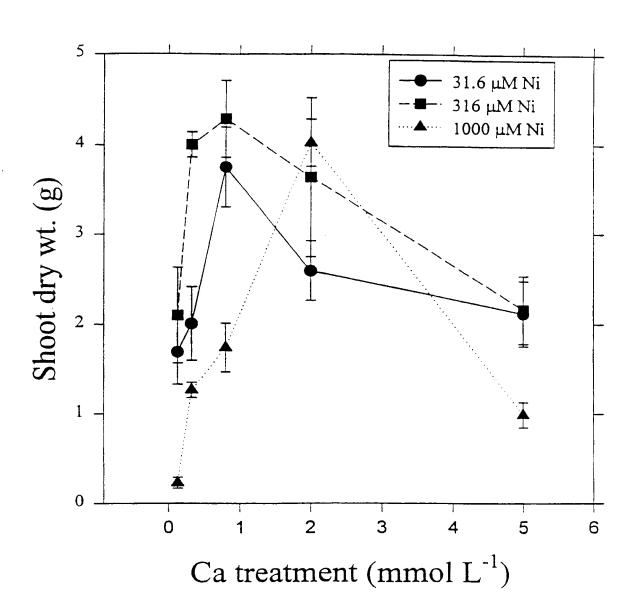


FIGURE 4

Cabbage - Shoot Ni Concentration

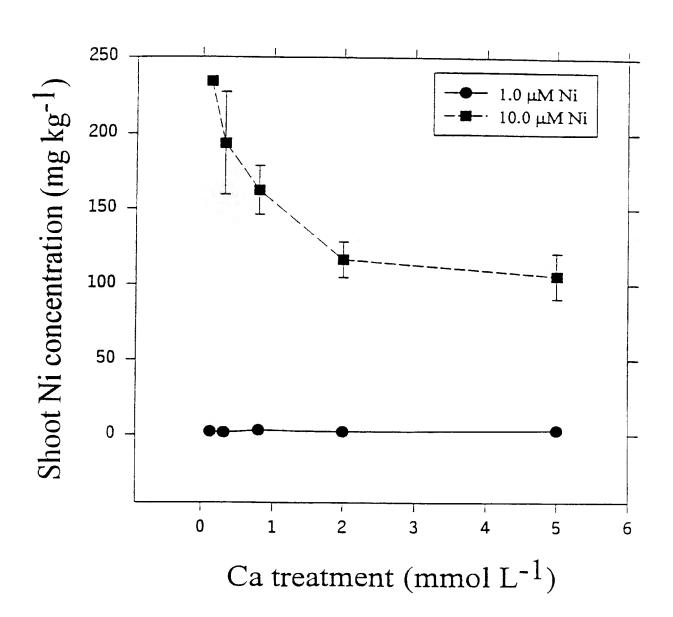


FIGURE 5

A. murale Shoot Ni Concentration

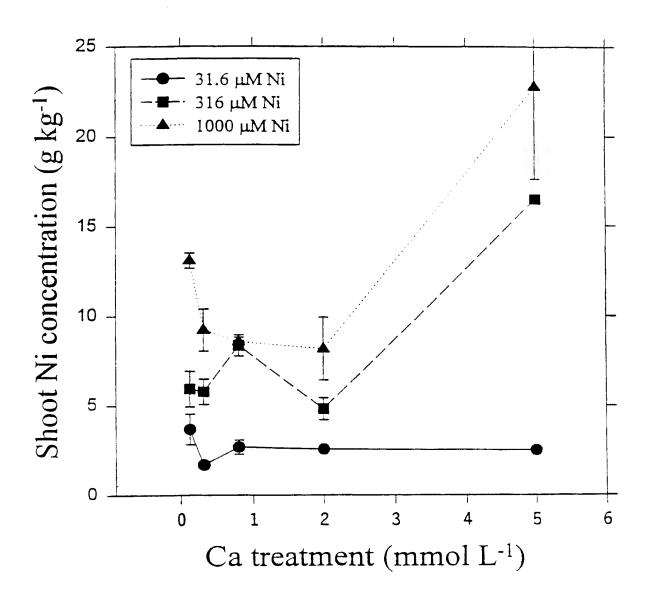


FIGURE 6
A. pintodasilvae Shoot Ni Concentration

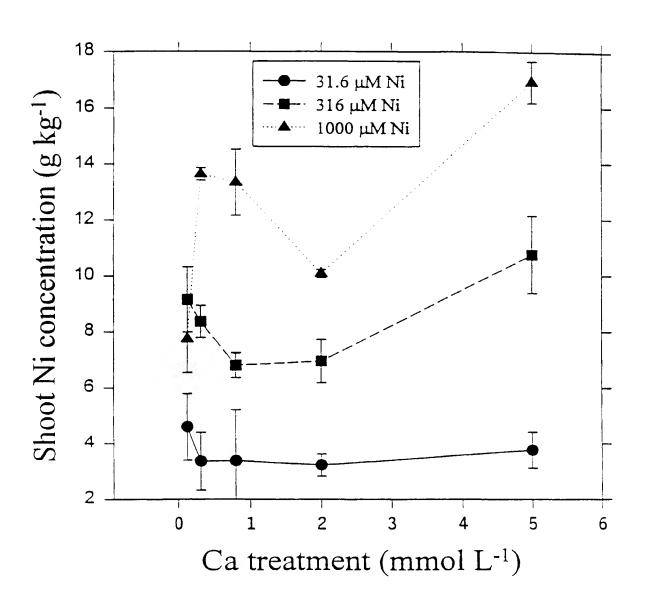


FIGURE 7

A. murale Shoot: Root Ni Ratio

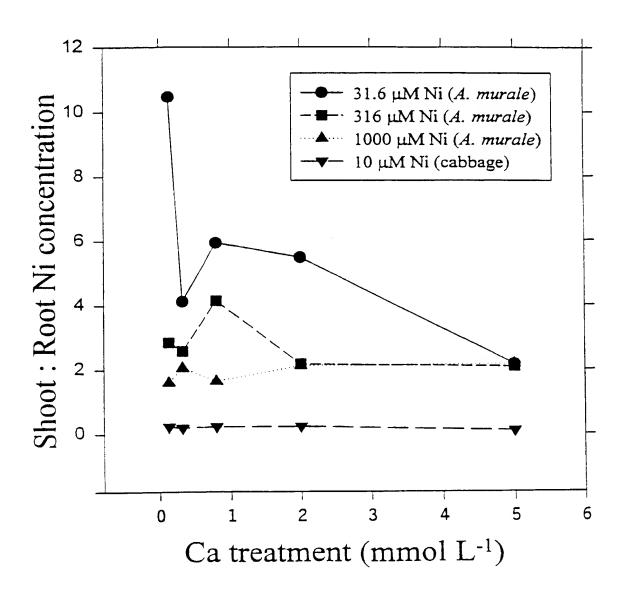


FIGURE 8

A. pintodasilvae Shoot: Root Ni Ratio

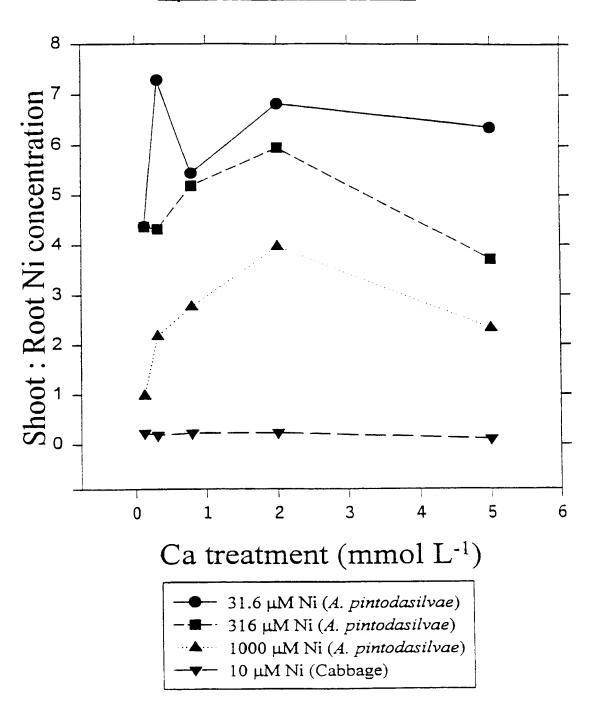


FIGURE 9
A. murale Shoot Ni Content

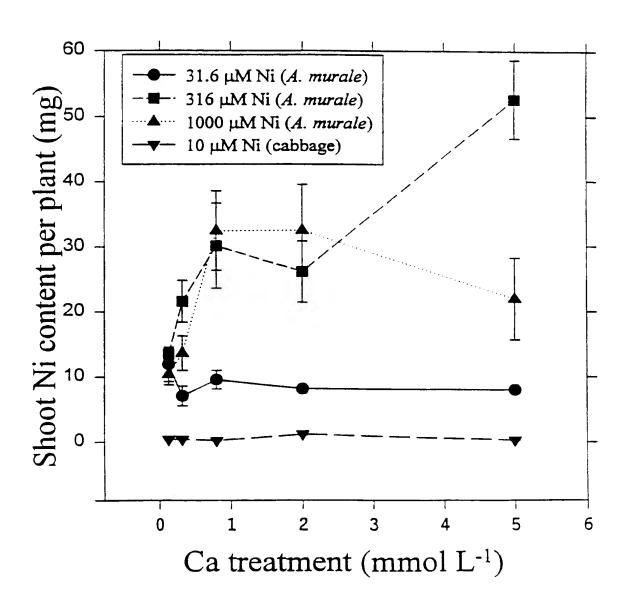
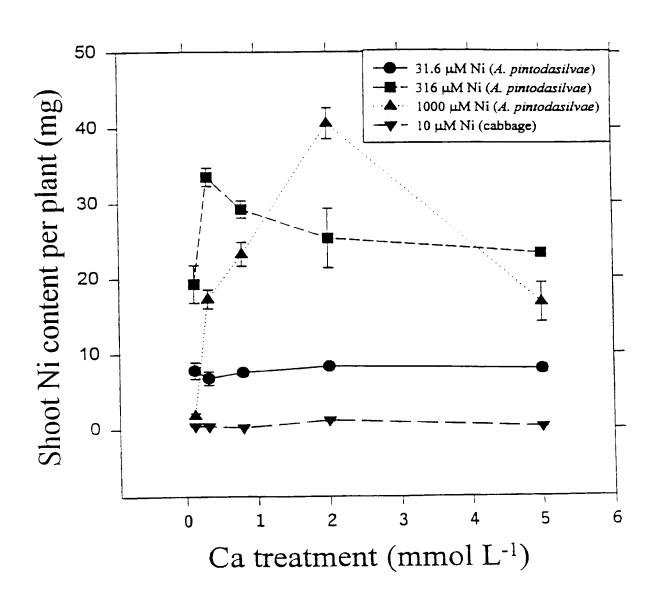


FIGURE 10
A. pintodasilyae Shoot Ni Content





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/15109

| A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(6) :C22B 23/00 | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| US CL :75/710 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) and the | at at the second | |
| According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to be B. FIELDS SEARCHED | oth national classification and IPC | |
| Minimum documentation searched (classification system follo | wed by classification symbols) | |
| U.S. : 75/710, 392, 432; 210/602, 682, 688; 71/9 | wed by classification symbols; | |
| Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to | the extent that such documents are included | in the fields searched |
| Electronic data base consulted during the international search CAS, APS | (name of data base and, where practicable | , search terms used) |
| C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT | | |
| | | |
| Category* Citation of document, with indication, where | appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
| X US 5,364,451 (RASKIN et al.) 15 No 60. | ovember 1994, col. 1, lines 27- | 1 & 11 |
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| Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box | C. See patent family annex. | |
| Special categories of cited documents: | "T" later document published after the inter | |
| A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance | date and not in conflict with the appli- the principle or theory underlying the | |
| earlier document published on or after the international filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is | "X" document of particular relevance; the considered novel or cannot be consider when the document is taken alone | |
| cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other apecial reason (as apecified) | "Y" document of particular relevance; the considered to involve an inventive | |
| O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means | combined with one or more other such being obvious to a person skilled in th | documents, such combination |
| document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | *&* document member of the same patent | family |
| 02 DECEMBER 1997 | Date of mailing of the international sear 2 7 JAN 1998 | ch report |
| lame and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT | Authorized officer Leblie | hom |
| Washington, D.C. 20231 acsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | M. ALEXANDRA ELVE | |
| acsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | Telephone No. (703) 308-0092 | i i |

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To: STEVEN B. KELBER OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & **NEUSTADT** 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HWY. CRYSTAL SQUARE 5, 4TH FL. ARLINGTON, VA 22202

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of Mailing (aav/month/year)

09 OCT 1998

Applicant's or agent's file reference IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION 2747091E7CIP PC+ Priority Date (day/month/year) International filing date (day/month/year) International application No. 30 AUGUST 1996 29 AUGUST 1997 PCT/US97/15109 Applicant CHANEY, RUFUS L.

- The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices)(Article 39(1))(see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT

Washington, D.C. 20231

Facsimile No. 703) 305-3230 Authorized officer

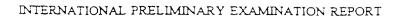


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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

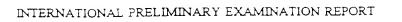
(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference 274709127CIP | FOR FURTHER ACTION | See Notif Preliminary | ication of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416) | | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| International application No. | International filing date (day | imonth/year) | Priority date (day/month/year) | | | |
| PCT/US97/15109 | 29 AUGUST 1997 | | 30 AUGUST 1996 | | | |
| International Patent Classification (IPC) IPC(6): C22B 23/00 and US Cl.: 75. | or national classification and 710 | IPC | | | | |
| Applicant CHANEY, RUFUS L. | | | | | | |
| This international prelimin Examining Authority and is This REPORT consists of a | transmitted to the applican | s been prepa t according to | red by this International Preliminary Article 36. | | | |
| This report is also accombeen amended and are the (see Rule 70.16 and Sec | ipanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sine basis for this report and/or tion 607 of the Administrative | sheets containii | empuon, claims and/or drawings which have ng recufications made before this Authority. under the PCT). | | | |
| These annexes consist of a to | otal of sneets. | | | | | |
| 3. This report contains indication | ns relating to the following | items: | | | | |
| I X Basis of the repo | ort | | | | | |
| II Priority | | | | | | |
| III Non-establishment of report with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability | | | | | | |
| IV Lack of unity of | invention | | | | | |
| V X Reasoned stateme citations and expla | nt under Article 35(2) with r anations supporting such state | egard to novel ement | ty, inventive step or industrial applicability; | | | |
| VI Certain documents | cited | | | | | |
| VII Certain defects in | the international application | | | | | |
| VIII Certain observation | ns on the international applic | ation | | | | |
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| | 1 . | | a of this space | | | |
| Date of submission of the demand | Da | ite of completio | on of this report | | | |
| IS FEBRUARY 1998 | | 07 AUGUST | 1998 | | | |
| Name and mailing address of the IPEA | | thorized-office | 7 . / . / | | | |
| Commissioner of Patents and Trade Box PCT | marks | M. ALÉXAN | OLOUL DRA ELVE hV | | | |
| Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | Т. | | (703) 308-0661 | | | |
| 1 acamme 140. 17001 20042220 | 1 10 | | (705) 500-0001 | | | |



International application No. PCT/US97/15109

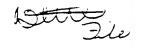
| L Bas | sis of | the report | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|
| 1. This re unaer | eport hi Artide | as been drawn on the 14 are referred to in | e basis of (Substitute sheethis report as "originally | ts which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation filed" and are not annexed to the report since they do not contain amendments): |
| | X | the internationa | al application as orig | finally filed. |
| | X | the description. | pages <u>1-35</u> | , as originally filed. |
| | | | pages NONE | , filed with the demand. |
| | | | pages NONE | filed with the letter of |
| | | | pages | , filed with the letter of |
| | X | the claims. | Nos. <u>1-11</u> | , as originally filed. |
| | | | Nos. NONE | , as amended under Article 19. |
| | | | Nos. NONE | , filed with the demand. |
| | | | Nos. NONE | , filed with the letter of |
| | | | Nos | , filed with the letter of |
| | X | the drawings, | sheets /fig 1-10 | . as originally filed. |
| | | | sheets /lig NONE | . filed with the demand. |
| | | | sheets/fig NONE | . filed with the letter of |
| | | | sheets /ñg | , filed with the letter of |
| 2. The a | amend | ments have result | ed in the cancellation | of: |
| | X | the description. | pages NONE | · |
| | X | the claims, | Nos. NONE | |
| | X | the drawings, | sheets/fig NONE | - |
| 3. | | | | of the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered and in the Supplemental Box Additional observations below (Rule 70.2(c)). |
| 4. Add NONE | | l observations, if | necessary: | |



International application No.

PCT/US97/15109

| STATEMENT | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Novelty (N) | Claims | NONE | YES |
| | Claims | 1-11 | NO |
| Inventive Step (IS) | Claims | NONE | YE |
| | Claims | 1-11 | NO |
| Industrial Applicability (IA) | Claims | 1-11 | YES |
| industrial Applicationity (IA) | Claims | NONE | NO |
| 2. CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIO | | 11 D. 1 (11 D. 5 264 451) Chima 1.1 | 1 look |
| Claims 1-11 lack noveity under PCT Article an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as family Brassicaceae which absorbs metals in harvested (abstract). Plants accumulate metaplant shoot (col. 1, lines 45-52). Metals can Sr, Y, Te, Ru, Pd, Ir, V, CS, U, Pu, Ce, Pt from the group consisting of B. juncea and | 33(2) as being a being obvious of their roots. All content of applications of the content of the | anticipated by Raskin et al. (US Pat. 5,364,451). Claims 1-1 over Raskin et al. Metal ions are removed from the soil by the Absorbed metals are then transferred to the plant shoots whis proximately 30% dry weight of plant root and 3.5% dry weight. Co. Ni, Mo. Cu. As. Se. Zn. Sb. Be. Au. Ba. Mn. Ag. Tines 52-60). Preferred plant members are Brassica species set. 2. lines 7-9). Claim 1-11 meet the criteria set out in PCT Afrom soils into shoots of a plant have industrial applicabilities. | plant ch are ght of l, Rb, lected article |



PCT

INFORMATION CONCERNING ELECTED OFFICES NOTIFIED OF THEIR ELECTION

PCT Rule 61.37

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

KELBER, Steven, B. Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt, P.C. Crystal Square Five, 4th floor 1755 Jefferson Davis Highway Arlington, VA 22202

ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

Date of mailing (day/month year)

27 March 1998 (27.03.98)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

2747091127CIPPCT

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

International application No.

International filing date (day month/year)

Priority date (cav/month/year)

PCT/US97/15109

29 August 1997 (29.08.97)

30 August 1996 (30.08.96)

Applicant

CHANEY, Rufus, L. et al.

The applicant is hereby informed that the international Bureau has laccording to Article 31(7), notified each of the following Offices of its election:

AP: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW

EP:AT.BE.CH.DE.DK.ES.FI.FR.GB.GR.IE.IT.LU.MC.NL.PT.SE

National: AU, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, DE, FI, GB, IL, JP, KP, KR, MN, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SE, SK,

US,VN

2. The following Offices have waived the requirement for the notification of their election; the notification will be sent to them by the international Bureau only upon their request:

EA:AM,AZ,BY,KG,KZ,MD,RU,TJ,TM

OA:BF,BJ,CF,CG,CI,CM,GA,GN,ML,MR,NE,SN,TD,TG

National: AL, AM, AT, AZ, BA, BB, BY, CH, CU, DK, EE, ES, GE, GH, HU, IS, KE, KG, KZ, LC, LK, LR.LS.LT.LU.LV.MD.MG.MK.MW.MX.PT,SD.SG,St.SL.TJ,TM,TR,TT,UA,UG,UZ,YU,ZW

3. The applicant is reminded that he must enter the "national phase" before the expiration of 30 months from the priority date before each of the Offices listed above. This must be done by paying the national feets) and furnishing , if prescribed, a translation of the international application (Article 39(1)(a)), as well as, where applicable, by furnishing a translation of any annexes of the international preliminary examination report (Article 36(3)(b) and Rule 74.1).

Some offices have fixed time limits expiring later than the above-mentioned time limit. For detailed information about the applicable time limits and the acts to be performed upon entry into the national phase pefore a particular Office, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The entry into the European regional phase is postponed **until 31 months from the priority date** for all States designated for the purposes of obtaining a European patent.

jeiyed ni foreigh filing

-TE Ξ.



OBLON, SPIVAK, McCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

Authorized orficer:

Raissi.

Terephone (10: 41-22) 338,83138 (4)

Facsimile (vo. (41-22) 741.14.35

PCT / IS/332---





The demand must be filed directly with the competent international Preliminary Examining Authority or, if two or more Authorities of with the one chosen by the applicant. The full name or two-tetter code of that Authority may be indicated by the applicant on the li

IPEA/ United States

PCT

CHAPTER II

DEMAND

under Article 31 of the Patent Cooperation Treaty:

The undersigned requests that the international application specified below be the subject of international preliminary examination according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

| Identification of IPEA | Date of recei | ipt of DEMAND |
|--|---|--|
| Box No. I IDENTIFICATION OF TH | HE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION | Applicant's or agent's file reference 274709127CIP |
| International application No. PCT/US97/15109 | International filing date (day/month/yea 29 August 1997 (| (Earliest) Priority date (day/month/year) 30 August 1996 () |
| Title of invention METHOD FOR PHYTOMINING OF | 'NICKEL, COBALT AND OTHER | R METALS FROM SOIL |
| Box No. II APPLICANT(S) | | |
| Name and address: (Family name followed designation. The address CHANEY, Rufus L. | a by given name; for a legal entity, full o ss must include postal code and name of coun | official Telephone No.: |
| United States Department Beltsville, Maryland 2070 US | | Facsimile No.: |
| | | Teleprinter No.: |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: US | State (1.e. cou. | unity) of residence: US |
| Name and address: (Family name followed name of country) ANGLE, Jay Scott 10241 Bristol Channel Ellicot City, Maryland 21 US | | iai aesignation. The address musi include postal cod |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: | State (i.e. cou. | unry) of residence: US |
| US | ı | |
| US | by given name: for a legal entity, full officia | iai designation. The address must include postal cod |

Sheet No. . 2.

International application No. PCT/US97/15109

| Box No. III | AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE: OR ADDRESS FOR CO | DRRESPONDENCE | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| The following | person is agent common representative | | | | | |
| and 🔀 | has been appointed earlier and represents the applicant(s) also for internationa | l preliminary examination. | | | | |
| | is hereby appointed and any earlier appointment of (an) agent(s)/common rep | presentative is hereby revoked. | | | | |
| | is hereby appointed, specifically for the procedure before the International Preaddition to the agent(s)/common representative appointed earlier. | eliminary Examining Authority, in | | | | |
| Name and ad | dress: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official The address must include postal code and name of country.) | Telephone No.: | | | | |
| | | 703-413-3000 | | | | |
| | Steven B. | Facsimile No.: | | | | |
| î . | IVAK, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT. P.C. are Five. Fourth Floor | 703-413-2220 | | | | |
| | on Davis Highway rginia 22202 | Teleprinter No.: | | | | |
| | s of America | | | | | |
| | Mark this check-box where no agent or common representative is/has been at instead to indicate a special address to which correspondence should be sent. | opointed and the space above is used | | | | |
| Box No. IV | STATEMENT CONCERNING AMENDMENTS | | | | | |
| The applican | t wishes the International Preliminary Examining Authority* | | | | | |
| (i) <u>Y</u> | to start the international preliminary examination on the basis of the internation | onal application as originally filed. | | | | |
| (ii) | to take into account the amendments under Article 34 of | | | | | |
| | the description (amendments attached). | | | | | |
| | the claims (amendments attached). | | | | | |
| | the drawings (amendments attached). | | | | | |
| (iii) | to take into account any amendments of the claims under Article 19 filed with attached). | the International Bureau (a copy is | | | | |
| (iv) | to disregard any amendments of the claims made under Article 19 and to cons | sider them as reversed. | | | | |
| (v) | to postpone the start of the international preliminary examination until the ex- date unless that Authority receives a copy of any amendments made under A that he does not wish to make such amendments (Rule 69.1(d)). (This check- limit under Article 19 has not yet expired.) | Article 19 or a notice from the applicant | | | | |
| origin: applic | no check-box is marked, international preliminary examination will start on tally filed or, where a copy of amendments to the claims under Article 19 ation under Article 34 are received by the International Preliminary Examining en opinion or the international preliminary examination report, as so amended. | and/or amendments of the international Authority before it has begun to draw up | | | | |
| Box No. V | ELECTION OF STATES | | | | | |
| X | The applicant hereby elects all eligible States (that is, all States which have b Chapter II of the PCT) except | | | | | |
| | (If the applicant does not wish to elect certain eligible States, the name(s) or indicated above.) | country code(s) of those States must be | | | | |

Sheet No. 3..

International application No. PCT/US97/15109

| Box No. VI CHECK LIST | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| The demand is accompanied by the following documents for to purposes of international preliminary examination: | • | | | | | | | |
| 1. amendments under Article 34 | received not received | | | | | | | |
| • | ets | | | | | | | |
| | ets ets | | | | | | | |
| letter accompanying amendments | | | | | | | | |
| under Article 34 she | ets | | | | | | | |
| 3. copy of amendments under Article 19: she | ets | | | | | | | |
| 4. copy of statement under Article 19 she | ets | | | | | | | |
| 5. other (specify): : she | ets | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| The demand is also accompanied by the item(s) marked below | | | | | | | | |
| 1. separate signed power of attorney | 4. Tee calculation sheet | | | | | | | |
| 2. copy of general power of attorney | 5. oth er (specify): | | | | | | | |
| 3. statement explaining lack of signature | | | | | | | | |
| Box No. VII SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE | | | | | | | | |
| | ing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not | | | | | | | |
| obvious from reading the demand). | ing and the capacity in which the person signs (i) such capacity is not | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | |
| William E. Beaumont | | | | | | | | |
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| For International Prelimin | ary Examining Authority use only | | | | | | | |
| 1. Date of actual receipt of DEMAND: | , | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted date of receipt of demand due to CORRECTIONS under Rule 60.1(b): | | | | | | | | |
| The date of receipt of the demand is AFTER the ex from the priority date and item 4 or 5, below, does | piration of 19 months The applicant has been informed accordingly. | | | | | | | |
| 4. The date of receipt of the demand is WITHIN the pRule 80.5. | eriod of 19 months from the priority date as extended by virtue of | | | | | | | |
| 5. Although the date of receipt of the demand is after EXCUSED pursuant to Rule 82. | the expiration of 19 months from the priority date, the delay in arrival is | | | | | | | |
| For Internat | ional Bureau use only | | | | | | | |
| Demand received from IPEA on: | · | | | | | | | |
| FORT PCT/IPEA 401 (last sheet) (January 1994: renging (uli) 19 | LegalStar 1997 Form PCTDEM | | | | | | | |

| From | the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING A | UTHORI | ΓY |
|------|---|--------|----|
| То: | STEVEN B. KELBER OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, NEUSTADT 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HWY. CRYSTAL SQUARE 5, 4TH FL. ARLINGTON VA 22202 | MAIER | & |
| | | | |

| OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HWY. CRYSTAL SQUARE 5, 4TH FL. ARLINGTON VA 22202 | NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT OR THE DECLARATION (PCT Rule 44.1) Date of Mailing (day/month/year) 27 JAN 1998 | |
|--|---|--|
| Applicant's or agent's file reference | FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraphs 1 and 4 below | |
| 274709 27CIP | Tok Tok Tibe Tok | |
| International application No. | International filing date (day/month/year) | |
| PCT/US97/15109 | 29 AUGUST 1997 | |
| Applicant CHANEY, RUFUS L. | | |
| Filing of amendments and statement under Article The applicant is entitled, if he so wishes, to amend to When? The time limit for filing such amendments. | he claims of the international application (see Rule 46): ents is normally 2 months from the date of transmittal of the more details, see the notes on the accompanying sheet. VIPO ttes itand | |
| The applicant is hereby notified that no internationa Article 17(2\chia) to that effect is transmitted herewith. | l search report will be established and that the declaration under | |
| the protest together with the decision thereon is applicant's request to forward the texts of both | additional fee(s) under Rule 40.2, the applicant is notified that has been transmitted to the International Bureau together with the has the protest and the decision thereon to the designated Offices. The applicant will be notified as soon as a decision is made. | |
| 4. Further action(s): The applicant is reminded of the following: Shortly after 18 months from the priority date, the international application will be published by the International Bureau. If the applicant wishes to avoid or postpone publication, a notice of withdrawal of the international application, or of the priority claim, must reach the International Bureau as provided in rules 90 bis 1 and 90 bis 3, respectively, before the completion of the technical preparations for international publication. Within 19 months from the priority date, a demand for international preliminary examination must be filed if the applicant wishes to postpone the entry into the national phase until 30 months from the priority date (in some Offices even later). Within 20 months from the priority date, the applicant must perform the prescribed acts for entry into the national phase before all designated Offices which have not been elected in the demand or in a later election within 19 months from the priority date or could not be elected because they are not bound by Chapter II. | | |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT | M. ALEXANDRA ELVE 977 | |

Washington, D.C. 20231

Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230

Telephone No. (703) 308-0092



PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

| Applicant's or agent's file reference 274709127CIP | FOR FURTHER ACTION | see Notification of (Form PCT/ISA/220 | Transmittal of International Search Report 1) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below. |
|--|---|--|---|
| International application No. PCT/US97/15109 | International filing date 29 AUGUST 1997 | : (day/month/year) | (Earliest) Priority Date 30 AUGUST 1996 |
| Applicant CHANEY, RUFUS L. | | | |
| This international search report has be according to Article 18. A copy is be This international search report consist X It is also accompanied by a | ing transmitted to the Internsts of a total of $\frac{2}{2}$ sheets | ational Bureau. | chority and is transmitted to the applicant |
| 1. Certain claims were foun | d unsearchable (See Box I |). | |
| 2. Unity of invention is lack | ing (See Box II). | | |
| 3. The international application international search was can | | | amino acid sequence listing and the |
| | filed with the international | application. | |
| | furnished by the applicant | separately from the | international application, |
| | 1 1 . | | ent to the effect that it did not include matter the international application as filed. |
| | transcribed by this Authori | ty. | · · |
| 4. With regard to the title, X | the text is approved as sub the text has been establish | | |
| 5. With regard to the abstract, | the text is approved as sub | | cant. e 38.2(b), by this Authority as it appears |
| | | may, within one n | nonth from the date of mailing of this |
| 6. The figure of the drawings to be | published with the abstract | is: | |
| Figure No. 2 | as suggested by the applic | | None of the figures. |
| <u> X</u> | because the applicant faile | d to suggest a figure | s |
| | because this figure better of | characterizes the inv | ention. |

| International | application | No. |
|---------------|-------------|-----|
| | | |

| A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER | |
|---|---|
| IPC(6) :C22B 23/00 US CL :75/710 | |
| According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both | national classification and IPC |
| B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed | hy electification symbols) |
| | by classification symbols) |
| U.S. : 75/710, 392, 432; 210/602, 682, 688; 71/9 | |
| Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the | extent that such documents are included in the fields searched |
| Electronic data base consulted during the international search (na | me of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) |
| CAS, APS | |
| C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT | |
| Category* Citation of document, with indication, where app | propriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. |
| X US 5,364,451 (RASKIN et al.) 15 Nov | ember 1994, col. 1, lines 27- 1 & 11 |
| 60. | |
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| Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. | |
| * Special categories of cited documents: A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered | *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention |
| to be of particular relevance "E" carlier document published on or after the international filling date | "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step |
| "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other | when the document is taken alone |
| special reason (as specified) | "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is |
| *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means | combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art |
| "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | '&' document member of the same patent family |
| Date of the actual completion of the international search | Date of mailing of the international search report |
| 02 DECEMBER 1997 | 27 JAN 1998 |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA/US | Authorized officer / / //: The |
| Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT | M. ALEXANDRA ELVE 777 |
| Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | Telephone No. (703) 308-0092 |

REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present

| or receiving Office use only |
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| |
| International Application No. |
| International Filing Date |
| |
| Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application" |

| international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty. | Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application" | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| doco.da.g to the ration of a product of the product | Applicant's or agent's file reference (if desired) (12 characters maximum) 274709127CIP | | |
| Box No. I TITLE OF INVENTION METHOD FOR PHYTOMINING OF NICKEL, COBALT A | | | |
| Box No. II APPLICANT | | | |
| Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a leg The address must include postal code and name of country. The cou Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of re CHANEY, Rufus L. | untry of the address indicated in this estidence is indicated below.) | | |
| United States Department of Agriculture | Telephone No. | | |
| Beltsville, Maryland 20705 US | Facsimile No. | | |
| | Teleprinter No. | | |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: US | State (i.e. country) of residence: US | | |
| | mated States except the United States the States indicated in ed States of America of America only the Supplemental Box | | |
| Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (F) | | | |
| Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a leg The address must include postal code and name of country. The cou Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of re ANGLE, Jay Scott 10241 Bristol Channel Ellicot City, Maryland 21042 US | antry of the address indicated in this esidence is indicated below.) This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) | | |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: US | State (i.e. country) of residence: US | | |
| This person is applicant all designated all designated | enated States except the United States the States indicated in the States of America of America only the Supplemental Box | | |
| Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicate | ed on a continuation sheet. | | |
| Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTAT | TIVE: OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE | | |
| The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to of the applicant(s) before the competent International Author | rities as: | | |
| Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: designation. The address must include po | for a legal entity, full official Telephone No. stal code and name of country.) (703) 413-3000 | | |
| KELBER, Steven B. OBLON, SPIVAK, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTAD 1755 Jefferson Davis Highway Crystal Square Five, Foorth Floor | (703) 413-2220 | | |
| Arlington, Virginia 22202 US | Teleprinter No. 248855 OPAT UR | | |
| Mark this check-box where no agent or common repre indicate a special address to which correspondence sho | sentative is/has been appointed and the space above is used instead to build be sent. | | |

Sheet No. . . . 2

| Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICAN | TS AND/OR (FURTHER | R) INVENTORS |
|--|---|---|
| If none of the following sub-boxes is u | sed, this sheet is not to be | included in the request. |
| Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal The address must include postal code and name of country. The count Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of resta LI, Yin-Ming 12019 Coldstream Drive Potomac, Maryland 20854 | entity, full official designation | |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: CN | State (i.e. country) of resi | idence: |
| This person is applicant all designated all designate for the purposes of: | ed States except the U States of America of Ar | United States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box |
| Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal the address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of residence is no State of residence. | v of the address indicated in this | This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: | State (i.e. country) of resi | idence: |
| | | inited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box |
| Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal of The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of residence is no State of residence. | of the address indicated in this | This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: | State (i.e. country) of resi | idence: |
| This person is applicant all designated all designate for the purposes of: States all designate | | nited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box |
| Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal e The address must include postal code and name of country. The country Box is the applicant's State (i.e. country) of residence if no State of reside | of the address indicated in this | This person is: applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) |
| State (i.e. country) of nationality: | State (i.e. country) of resid | dence: |
| This person is applicant all designated all designate for the purposes of: States all designate | | nited States the States indicated in the Supplemental Box |
| Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated or | another continuation short | |

Box No.V DESIGNATION OF STATES

The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (mark the applicable check-boxes: at least one must be marked):

Regional Patent

- AP ARIPO Patent: KE Kenya, LS Lesotho, MW Maiawi. SD Sudan, SZ Swaziland, UG Uganda, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT
- EA Eurasian Patent: AM Armenia AZ Azerbaijan, BY Belarus, KG Kyrgyzstan, KZ Kazakstan, MD Republic of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, TJ Tajikistan, TM Turkmenistan, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT
- EP European Patent: AT Austria. BE Belgium. CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein, DE Germany, DK Denmark. ES Spain. FI Finland. FR France, GB United Kingdom, GR Greece, IE Ireland. IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands. PT Portugal, SE Sweden, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT
- OA OAPI Patent: BF Burkina Faso, BJ Benin, CF Central African Republic, CG Congo, CI Côte d'Ivoire, CM Cameroon, GA Gabon, GN Guinea, ML Mali, MR Mauritania, NE Niger, SN Senegal, TD Chad, TG Togo, and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line)

National Patent (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line):

| X | AL | Albania | X | LU | Luxembourg |
|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------|---|
| \boxtimes | AM | Armenia | \mathbf{Z} | LV | Latvia |
| \mathbf{X} | ΑT | Austria | \boxtimes | MD | Republic of Moldova |
| \boxtimes | \mathbf{AU} | Australia | \boxtimes | MG | Madagascar |
| \boxtimes | AZ | Azerbaijan | \mathbf{Z} | MK | The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia |
| \boxtimes | BA | Bosnia and Herzegovina | | | |
| \boxtimes | BB | Barbados | \mathbf{X} | MN | Mongolia |
| \boxtimes | BG | Bulgaria | \mathbf{X} | MW | Maiawi |
| \times | BR | Brazil | \mathbf{Z} | MX | Mexico |
| \mathbf{X} | BY | Belarus | \mathbf{X} | NO | Norway |
| \boxtimes | CA | Canada | \boxtimes | NZ | New Zealand |
| \boxtimes | CH a | nd LI Switzeriand and Liechtenstein | \mathbf{X} | PL | Poland |
| \boxtimes | CN | China | \boxtimes | PT | Portugal |
| \boxtimes | CU | Cuba | \mathbf{Z} | RO | Romania |
| \boxtimes | CZ | Czech Republic | \mathbf{Z} | RU | Russian Federation |
| \boxtimes | DE | Germany | \boxtimes | SD | Sudan |
| \boxtimes | DK | Denmark | X | SE | Sweden |
| \boxtimes | EE | Estonia | Z | SG | Singapore |
| \boxtimes | ES | Spain | \boxtimes | SI | Slovenia |
| \boxtimes | FI | Finland | \boxtimes | SK | Slovakia |
| \boxtimes | GB | United Kingdom | \mathbf{X} | TJ | Tajikistan |
| X | GE | Georgia | X | | Turkmenistan |
| \boxtimes | HU | Hungary | \boxtimes | | Turkey |
| \boxtimes | IL | Israel | \boxtimes | | Trinidad and Tobago |
| | IS | Iceland | \boxtimes | | Ukraine |
| \boxtimes | JР | Japan | \boxtimes | | Uganda |
| \boxtimes | KE | Kenya | \mathbf{X} | US | United States of America |
| X | KG | Kyrgyzstan | - | | • |
| \boxtimes | KР | Democratic People's Republic of Korea | \boxtimes | | Uzbekistan |
| - | | | \boxtimes | VN | Viet Nam |
| \boxtimes | KR | Republic of Korea | Che | ck-bo | xes reserved for designating States (for the purposes of |
| X | ΚZ | Kazakstan | a na | monal | patent) which have become party to the PCT after of this sheet: |
| | LC | Saint Lucia | | | , |
| \boxtimes | LK | Sri Lanka | \boxtimes | | Ghana |
| \boxtimes | LR | Liberia | X | | Sierra.Leone |
| \boxtimes | LS | Lesotho | X | | Yugoslavia |
| \boxtimes | LT | Lithuania | \boxtimes | ZW. | Zimbabwe. |
| | | | | | |

In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except the designation(s) of

applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice specifying that designation and the payment of the designation and

If the Supplemental Box is not used, this sheet need not be included in the request. Supplemental Box

Use this box in the following cases:

If, in any of the Boxes, the space is insufficient to furnish all the information:

in particular:

- (i) if more than two persons are involved as applicants and/or inventors and no "continuation sheet" is available:
- Supplemental Box" is checked:
- (iii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box No. III, the inventor or the inventor/applicant is not inventor for the purposes of all designated States or for the purposes of the United States of America:
- (iv) if, in addition to the agent(s) indicated in Box No. further agent the same type of information as required in Box No. IV; IV, there are further agents:
- (v) if, in Box No. V, the name of any State (or OAPI) is accompanied by the indication "patent of addition." or "certificate of addition," or if, in Box No. V, the name of the United States of America is accompanied by an indication "Continuation" or "" "Continuation-in-part":
- (vi) if there are more than three earlier applications whose priority is claimed:
- If the applicant claims, in respect of any designated Office, the benefits of provisions of the national law concerning non-prejudicial disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty:

OBLON, Norman F. SPIVAK, Marvin J. McCLELLAND, C. Irvin MAIER, Gregory J. NEUSTADT, Arthur I. KELLY, Richard D. HAMILTON, James D. KUESTERS, Eckhard H. POUS, Robert T. GHOLZ, Charles L. SUNDERDICK, Vincent J. BEAUMONT, William E. GNUSE, Robert F. LIPMAN, Steven E.

LAVALLEYE, Jean-Paul

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. ..." [indicate the number of the Box] and furnish the information in the same manner as required according to the captions of the Box in which the space was insufficient;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. III" and indicate for each additional person the same type of information as required in Box No. III;

(ii) if, in Box No. II or in any of the sub-boxes of Box in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of No. III, the indication "the States indicated in the Box No. III" or "Continuation of Boxes No. II and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the applicant(s) involved and, next to (each) such name, the State(s) (and/or, where applicable, ARIPO, Eurasian, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is applicant;

> in such case write "Continuation of Box No. II" or "Continuation of Box No. III" or "Continuation of Boxes No. II and No. III" (as the case may be), indicate the name of the inventor(s) and, next to (each) such name, the State(s) (and/or, where applicable, ARIPO, Eurasian, European or OAPI patent) for the purposes of which the named person is inventor;

> in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. IV" and indicate for each

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. V" and the name of each State involved (or OAPI), and after the name of each such State (or OAPI), the number of the parent title or parent application and the date of grant of the parent title or filing of the parent application;

in such case, write "Continuation of Box No. VI" and indicate for each additional earlier application the same type of information as required in Box No. VI.

in such case, write "Statement Concerning Non-Prejudicial Disclosures or Exceptions to Lack of Novelty" and furnish that statement below.

BAXTER, Stephen G. HAHL, Robert W. TREANOR, Rrichard L. ZOLTICK, Martin M. WEIHROUCH, Steven P. GOOLKASIAN, John T. LABGOLD, Marc R. HEALEY, William J. CHINN, Richard L. SCHLIER, Carl E. KELBER, Steven B. KULBASKI, James J. RICHARDSON, Catherine B. NEIFELD, Richard A. MASON J. Derek

All of the Firm of: OBLON, SPIVAK, McCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. Crystal Square Five, Fourth Floor 1755 Jefferson Davis Highway Arlington, Virginia 22202, US

Sheet No. . . . 5

| Box No. VI PRIORITY C | LAIM | Further priority claim | is are indicated in th | e Supplemental Box |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| The priority of the following ea | arlier application(s) is hereb | y claimed: | | |
| Country (in which, or for which, the application was filed) | Filing Date (day/month/year) | Appl | ication No. | Office of filing (only for regional or international application) |
| item (1) | 30 August 1996 | 1 | | предоставления предоставления |
| US | (30-08-96) | 60/024,928 | | |
| item (2) | 6 November 1996 | 5 | | |
| US | (06-11-96) | 60/030,462 | | |
| item (3) | | | | |
| Mark the following check-box if present international application | the certified copy of the eans is the receiving Office (a.f. | riter application is to be ee may be required): | issued by the Offic | e which for the purposes of the |
| The receiving Office is h | nereby requested to prepare of the earlier application(s) | and transmit to the Inter | national s):(1) and (| 2) |
| | ONAL SEARCHING AUT | | | |
| Choice of International Search are competent to carry out the intern | ning Authority (ISA) (If two | o or more International : uthority chosen; the two-le. | Searching Authorities tter code may be used) | : ISA/us |
| Earlier search Fill in where a sout or requested and the Authority such search or request either by refe Country (or regional Office): | search (international, internat is now requested to base the | ional-type or other) by the international search, to the on (or the translation there | e International Searc | thing Authority has already been |
| Box No. VIII CHECK LIST | Г | | | |
| 3. claims : 4. abstract : | 1. | national application is ac separate signed power of attorney copy of general power of attorney statement explaining lack of signature | 5. fee cal 6. separa deposi | tem(s) marked below: culation sheet te indications concerning ted microorganisms otide and/or amino acid nce listing (diskette) |
| | 10 sheets 4. 53 sheets | priority document(s) identified in Box No. V. as item(s): | 8. other | (specify): |
| Figure No of th | e drawings (if any) should a | accompany the abstract v | when it is published. | |
| Box No. IX SIGNATURE | OF APPLICANT OR AGE | ENT | | |
| Next to each signature, indicate obvious from reading the reques William E. Beaumont | the name of the person sign). | gning and the capacity | in which the person | signs (if such capacity is not |
| | For recei | ving Office use only - | | |
| Date of actual receipt of the international application: | | - | | 2. Drawings |
| Corrected date of actual rece timely received papers or dra purported international appli | wings completing the | | | received: |
| Date of timely receipt of the corrections under PCT Article | required le 11(2): | | | not received: |
| International Searching Auth specified by the applicant: | iority ISA/ | | al of search copy de h fee is paid | layed |
| | For Intern | ational Bureau use only | | |

Date of receipt of the record copy

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

T. DOTTE + TIO Command about Visite 10000

International application No.
PCT/US97/15109

| A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| IPC(6) :C22B 23/00 | | | |
| US CL :75/710 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to be | th national classification and IPC | | |
| B. FIELDS SEARCHED | | | |
| Minimum documentation searched (classification system follow | wed by classification symbols) | | |
| U.S. : 75/710, 392, 432; 210/602, 682, 688; 71/9 | | | |
| Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched | | | |
| Electronic data base consulted during the international search (CAS, APS | (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) | | |
| C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT | | | |
| Category* Citation of document, with indication, where | appropriate, of the reievant passages Relevant to claim No. | | |
| X US 5,364,451 (RASKIN et ai.) 15 No 60. | ovember 1994, col. 1, lines 27- 1 & 11 | | |
| Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box | C. See patent family annex. | | |
| Special categories of cited documents: | "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority | | |
| "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance | date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention | | |
| *E* earlier document published on or after the international filing date | "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive stap | | |
| "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) | when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be | | |
| *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means | considered to involve an inventive step when the document is | | |
| *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | *&* document member of the same patent family | | |
| Date of the actual completion of the international search | Date of mailing of the international search report | | |
| 02 DECEMBER 1997 | 2 7 JAN 1998 | | |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | Authorized officer Lebbie Thorn M. ALEXANDRA ELVE 777 Telephone No. (703) 308-0092 | | |
| 1 desimile 140. (103) 303-3630 | 1010paone 140. (703) 300-0032 | | |

ENT COOPERATION TREA F

To.

| From | the | INTERNA | TIONAL | BURFAU |
|------|------|-------------|--------|--------|
| TIOH | UIIC | HINI LININA | HONAL | DUNEAU |

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

United States Patent and Trademark Office (Box PCT)

Crystal Plaza 2 Washington, DC 20231

ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE

Date of mailing (day month year) in its capacity as elected Office 27 March 1998 (27.03.98)

International application No. Applicant's or agent's file reference 274709127CIP PCT/US97/15109

Priority date (day month year) International filing date (day month/year)

30 August 1996 (30.08.96) 29 August 1997 (29.08.97)

Applicant

CHANEY, Rufus, L. et al.

| 1. | The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made: |
|----|---|
| | X In the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on: |
| | 18 February 1998 (18.02.98) |
| | in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on: |
| 2. | The election X was |
| | made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b). |
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| The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland | Authorized officer R. Raissi |
|---|--|
| Facsipule No : (41-22) 740 14 35 | Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38 |